

# IPRO 337: Zero Energy Lab and Designing the IPRO Team Collaboratory Space

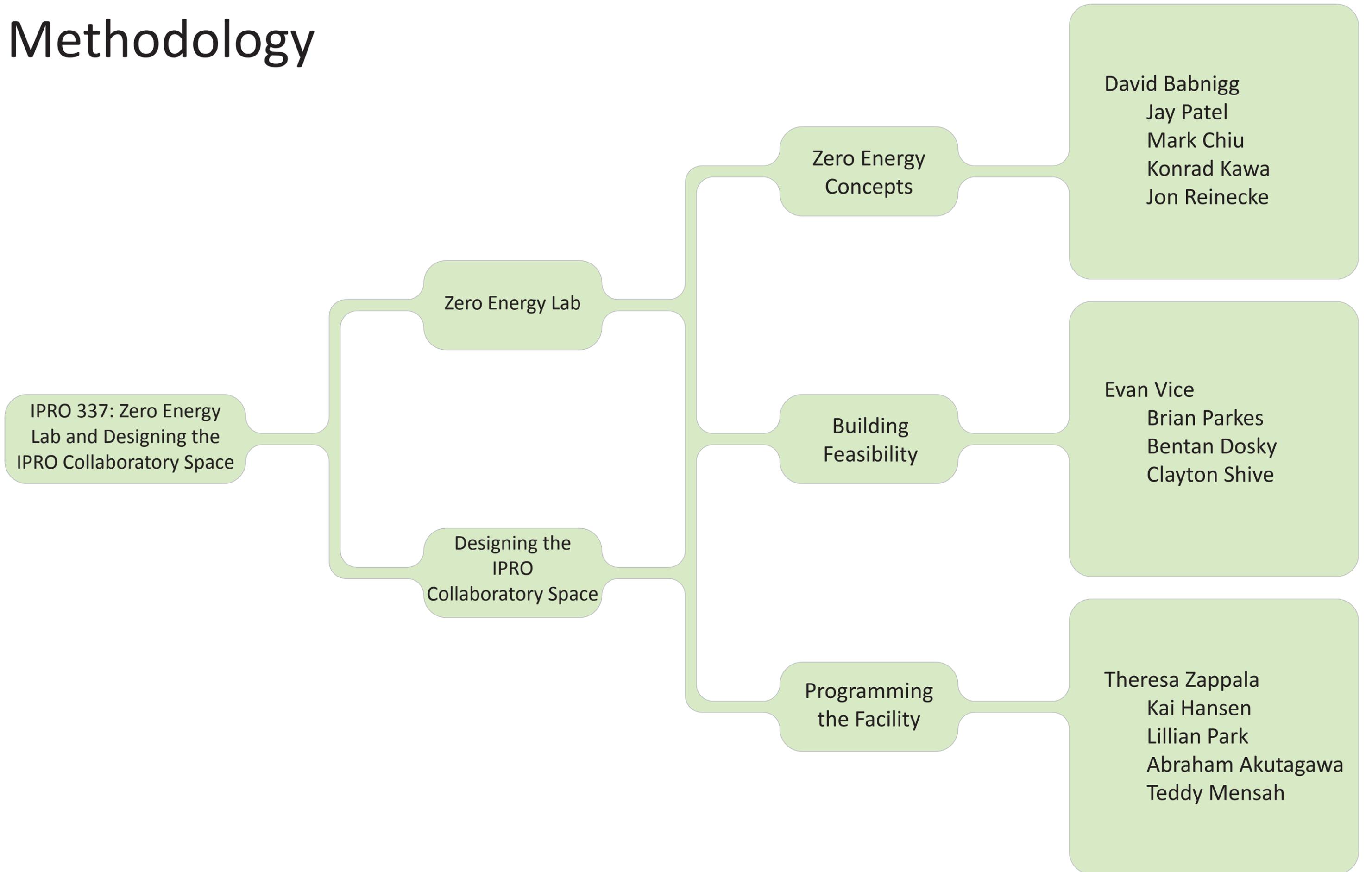


# Goals

- To evaluate the spacial needs of the IPRO program and create a detailed program for a dedicated IPRO facility
- To analyze the site and energy consumption of the existing CTA building for such a facility
- To develop an appropriate Zero Energy concept for the new IPRO facility
- To plan the new facility with these sustainable and Zero Energy techniques



# Methodology



# Zero Energy Lab

Mission: To design a universal format to occupying laboratories that utilize the minimum amount of energy

Spring 2007



- Researched lighting (passive)
- Created 3D model of ZEL



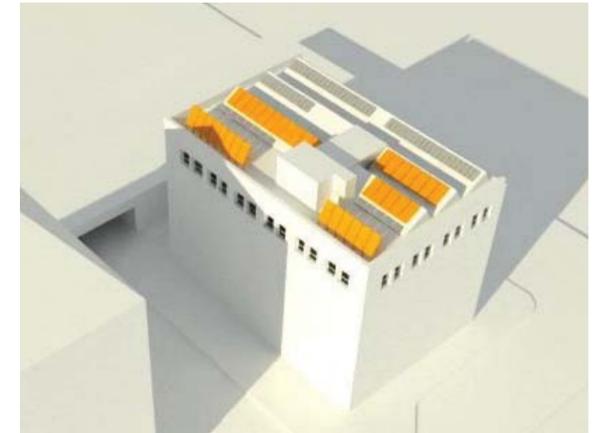
Fall 2007



- Calculated total energy needed to power the ZEL
- Designed a solar cell
- Developed a passive cooling system using a photovoltaic

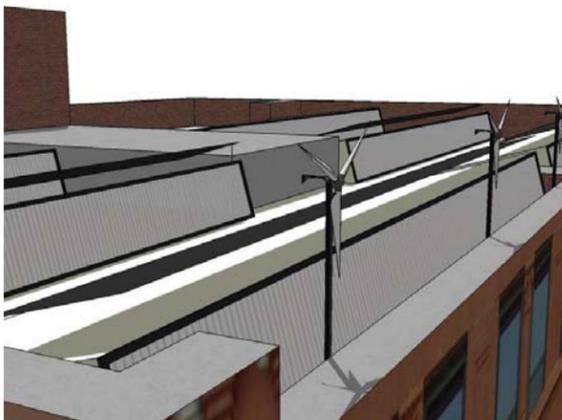


Spring 2008



- Created a website about the ZEL
- Researched various energy efficient lighting solutions

Fall 2008



- Determined local wind readings
- Designed a Solar Energy Cart to expand the battery bank



Spring 2009



- Finished the Solar Energy Cart
- Produced a prototype of a solar thermal collector
- Prototyped an automatic window system



Summer 2009



- Created a plan for a biodiesel generator
- Conducted testing of various lighting materials and methodologies

# Building on IPRO 301



*'Ideal' IPRO facility*



*Conversion of Machinery Hall*



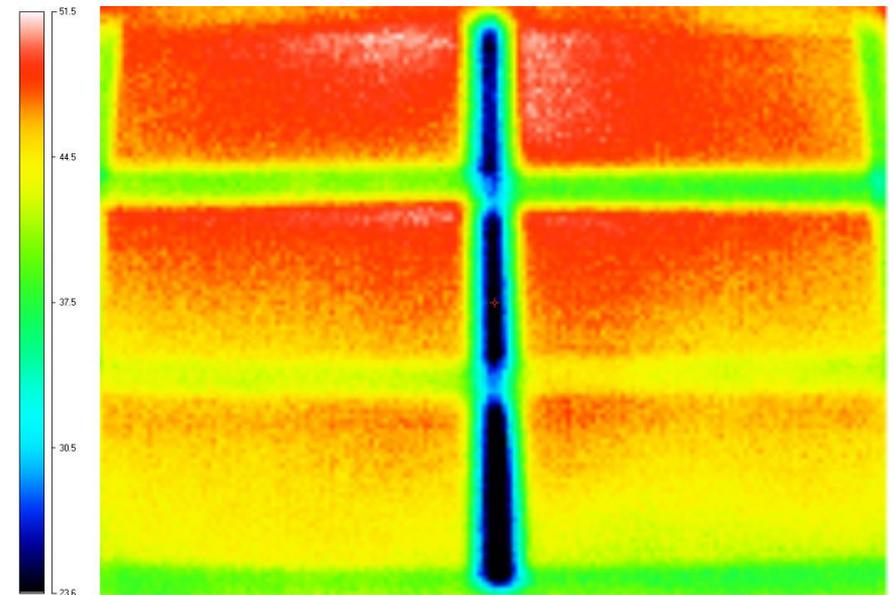
*Renovated CTA Building*

# Building Feasibility Objective

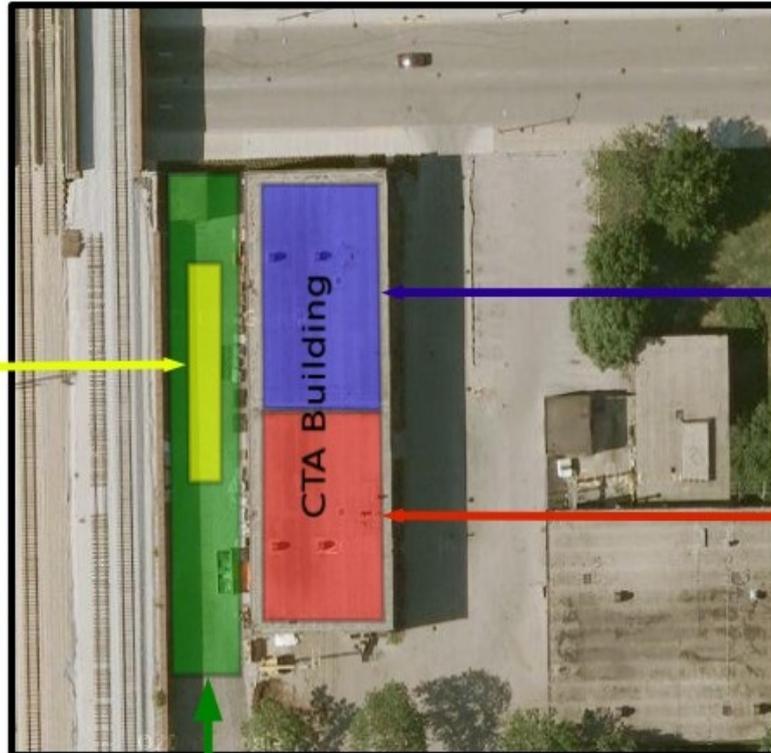
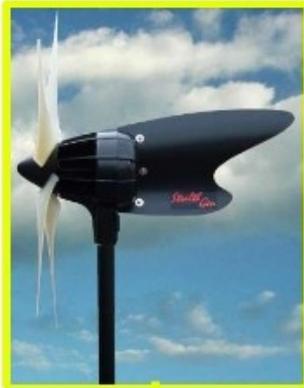
To analyze and improve upon the energy consumption of the CTA building.

## Research

- Thermal Imaging
- Technical Drawings
- HVAC
- EQUEST energy modeling
- Renewable energy technology



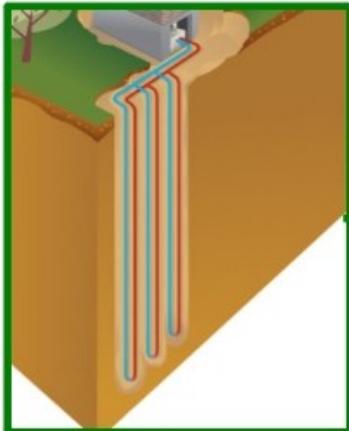
Wind Turbines



Solar Thermal Panels



Photo-voltaic Cells

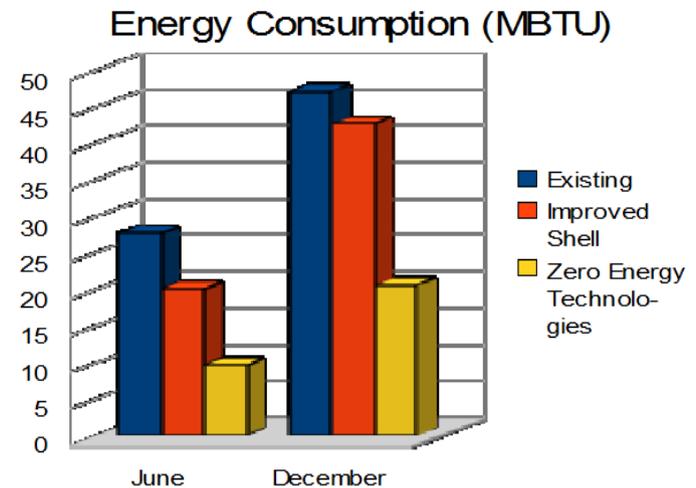
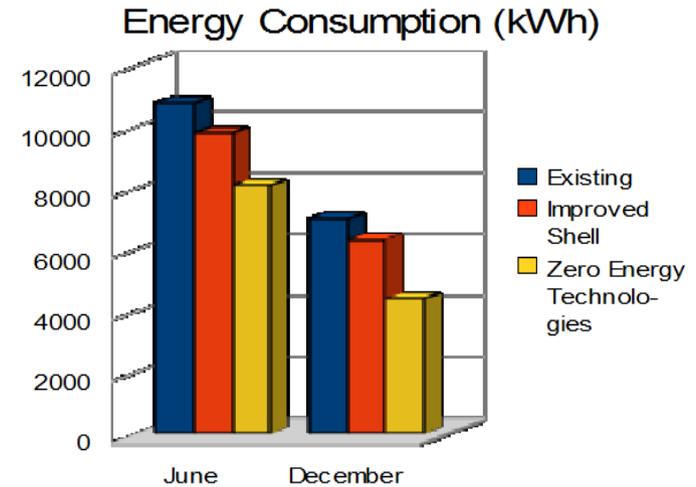


Geothermal Energy

Proposed Zero Energy Technology Additions to CTA Building

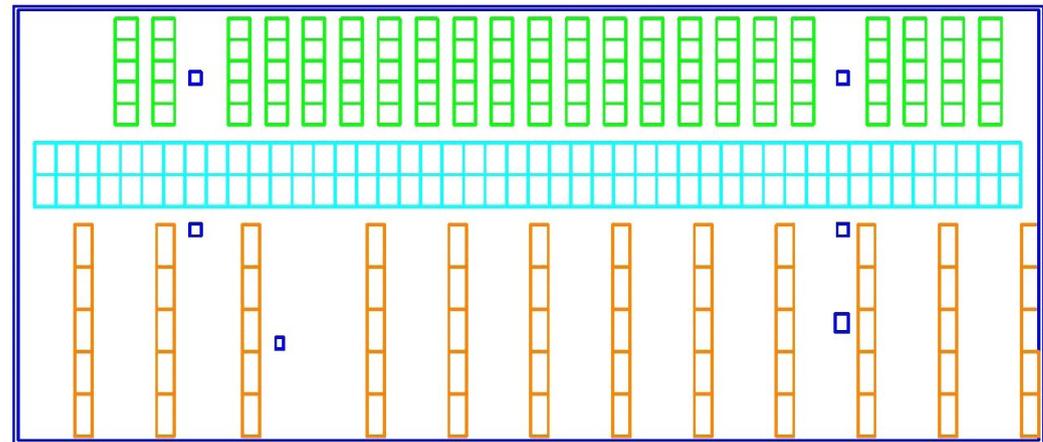
# Proposed Building Modifications

- Roof:  
Existing: 2 in polystyrene  
Improved Shell: 6 in polyisocyanurate R-42
- Walls:  
Existing: none  
Improved Shell: 3 in polyisocyanurate R-21
- Windows:  
Existing: Single pane, blue tint, 1/4"  
Improved Shell: Kalwall translucent FRP R-20
- Skylights:  
Existing: none  
Improved Shell: 15% of roof as Kalwall skylights R-20



# Proposed Supplementary Systems

- Radiant floor
- Occupancy sensors
- Daylighting sensors
- CO2 sensors
- Automatic operable windows



→North

# Programming a Collaboratory Space

## SURVEY

- IIT needs a dedicated IPRO facility that reinforces its importance to the university.
- IPROs need open, flexible workspaces to foster a productive environment.
- IPROs need small, comfortable breakout areas with ready access to computers, whiteboards, prototyping, and assembly spaces.
- The IPRO program needs dedicated equipment and assembly space in its new facility.
- The IPRO program needs assigned, secure storage for each IPRO team in the new facility.

## INTERVIEWS

## SITE VISIT



*Dedicated group workspaces*



*Large group workspace*

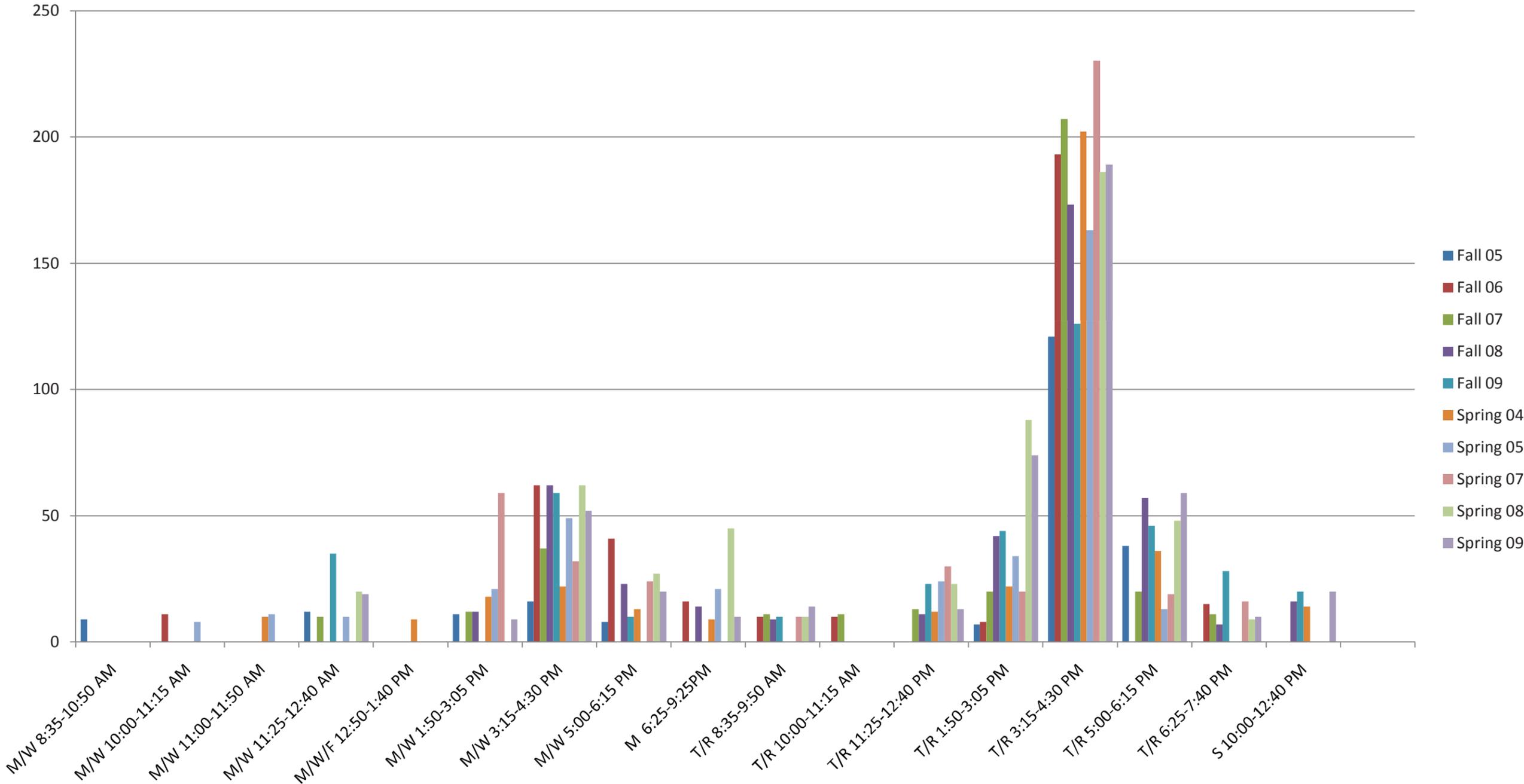


*Prototyping shop*

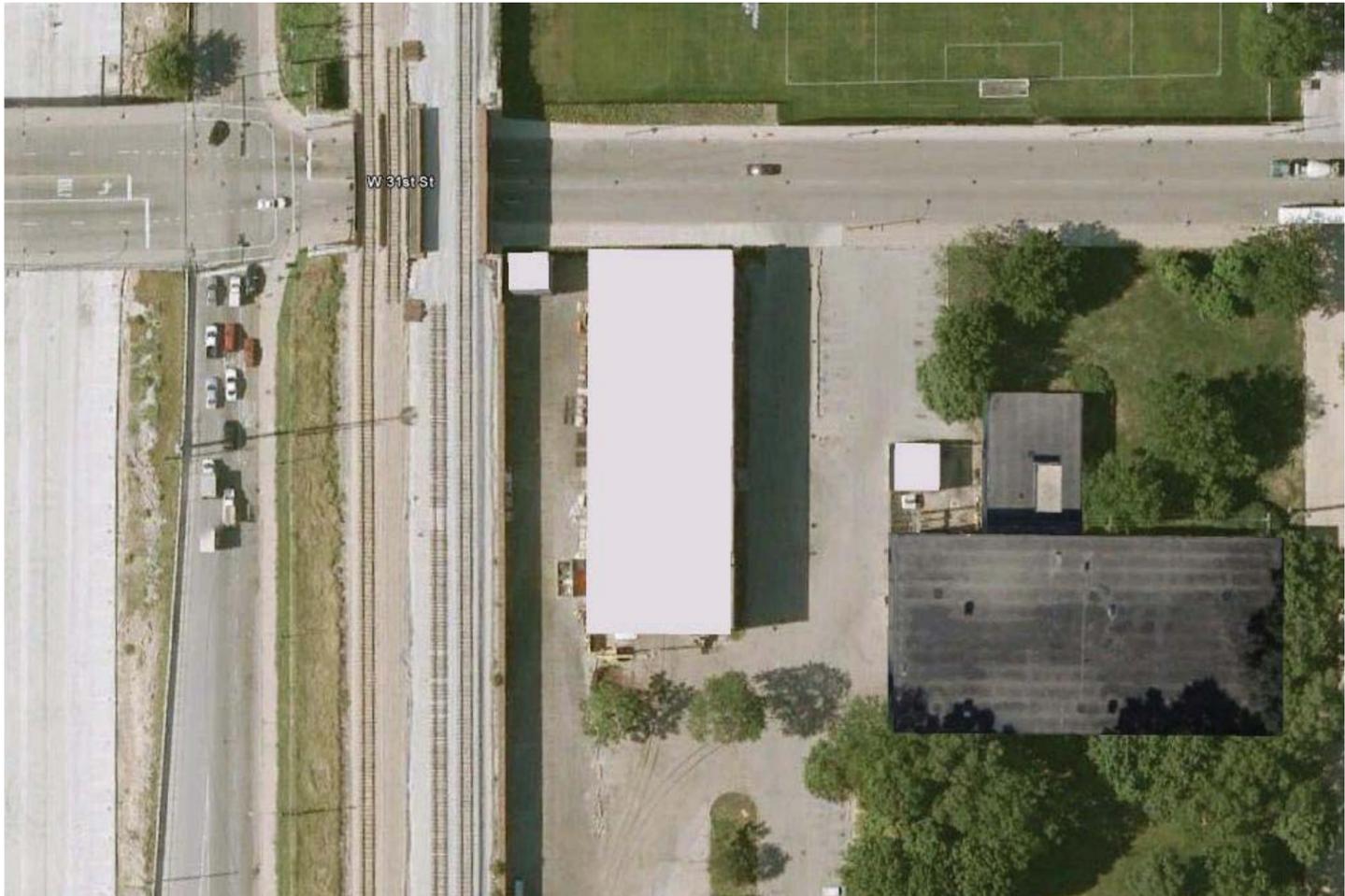
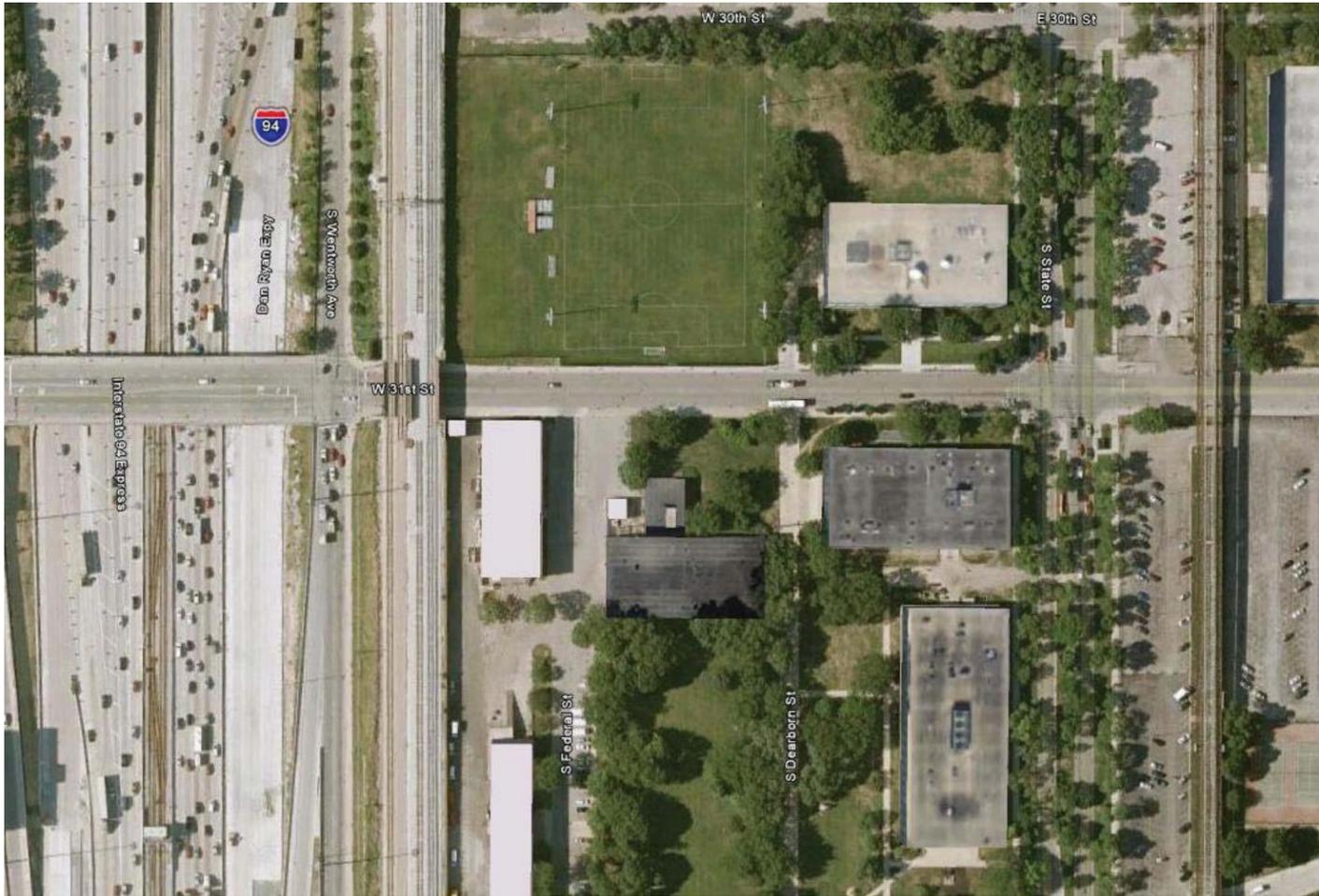
# Analyzing Past IPRO Data



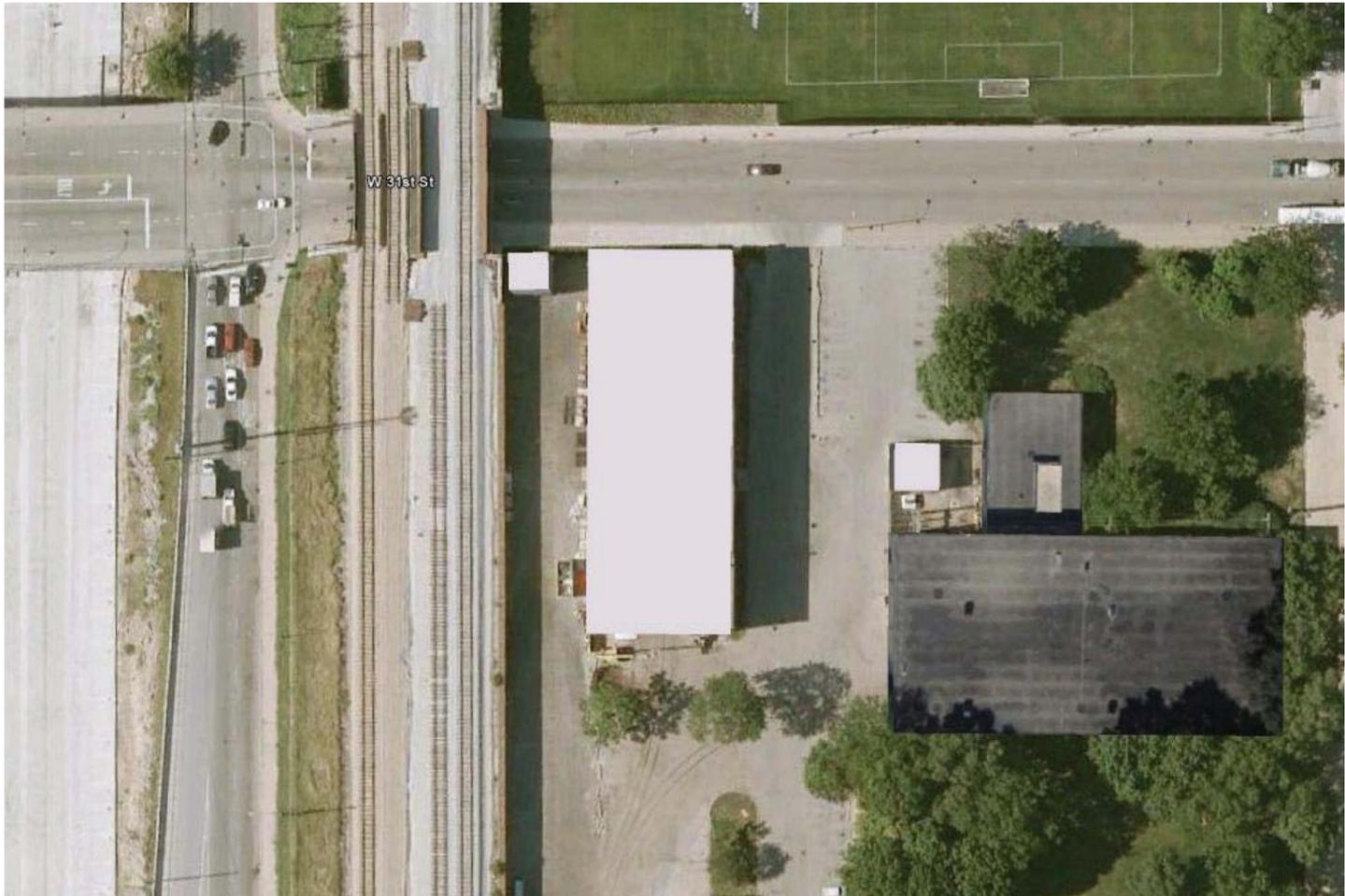
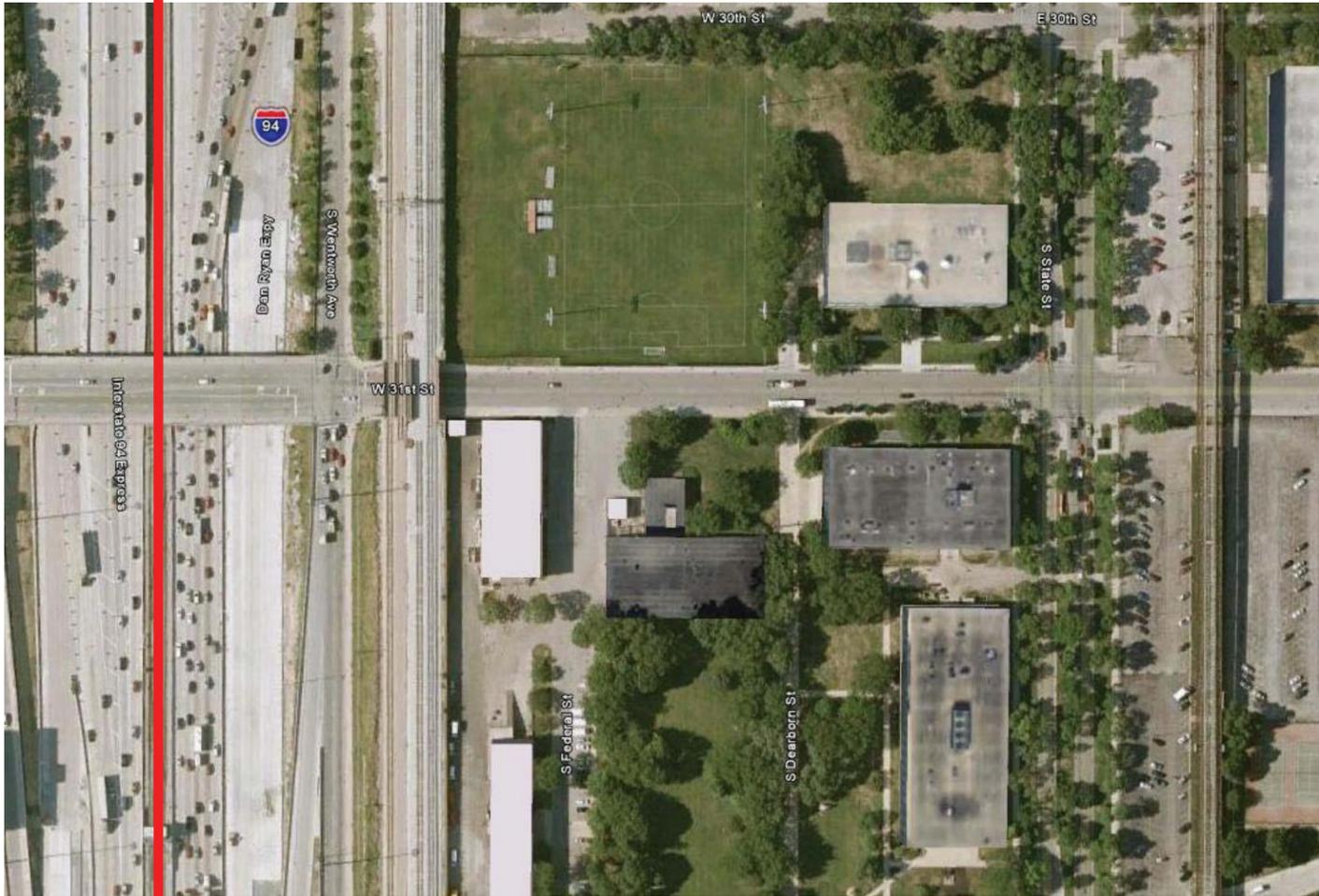
# Analyzing Past IPRO Data



# Analyzing the Site

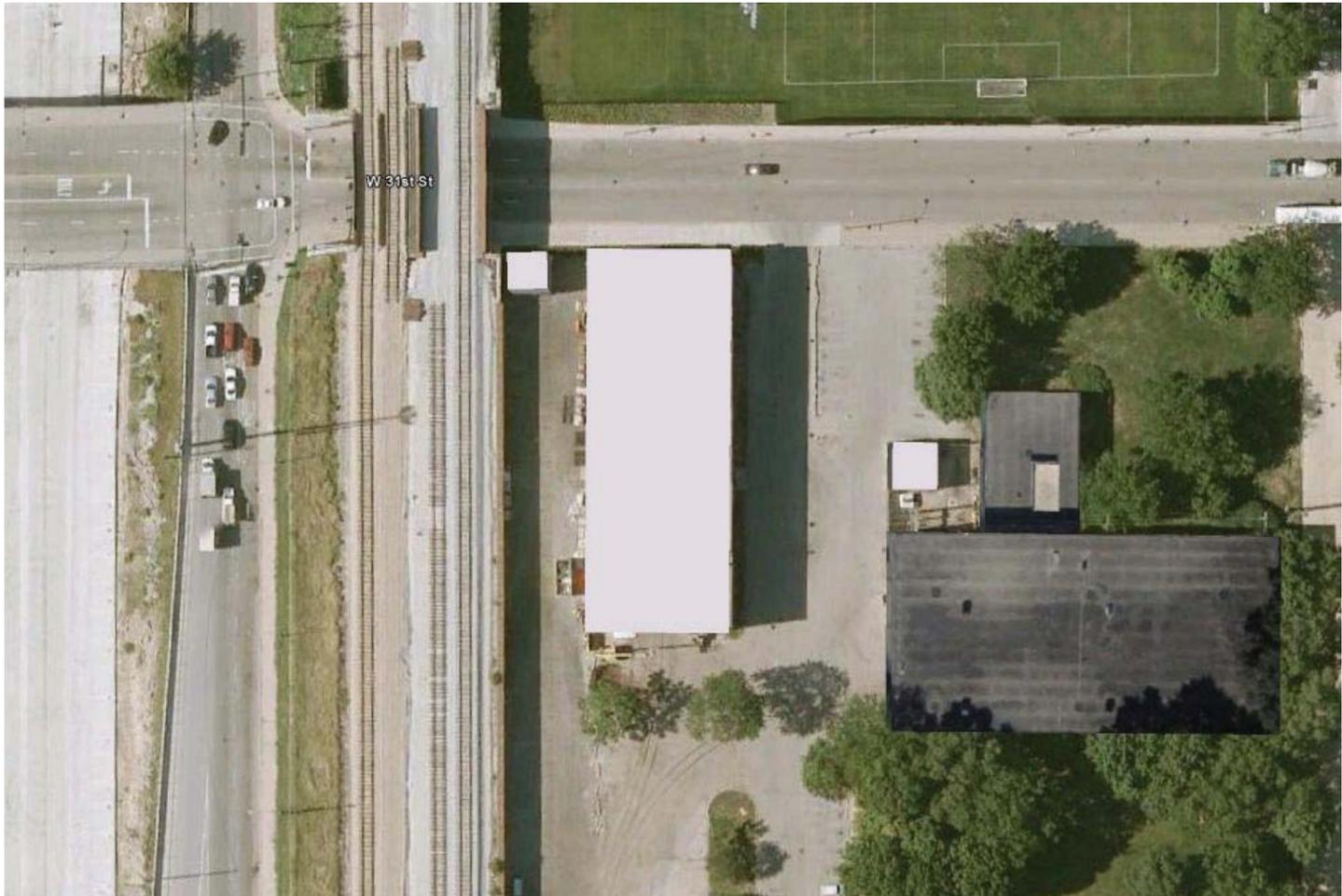
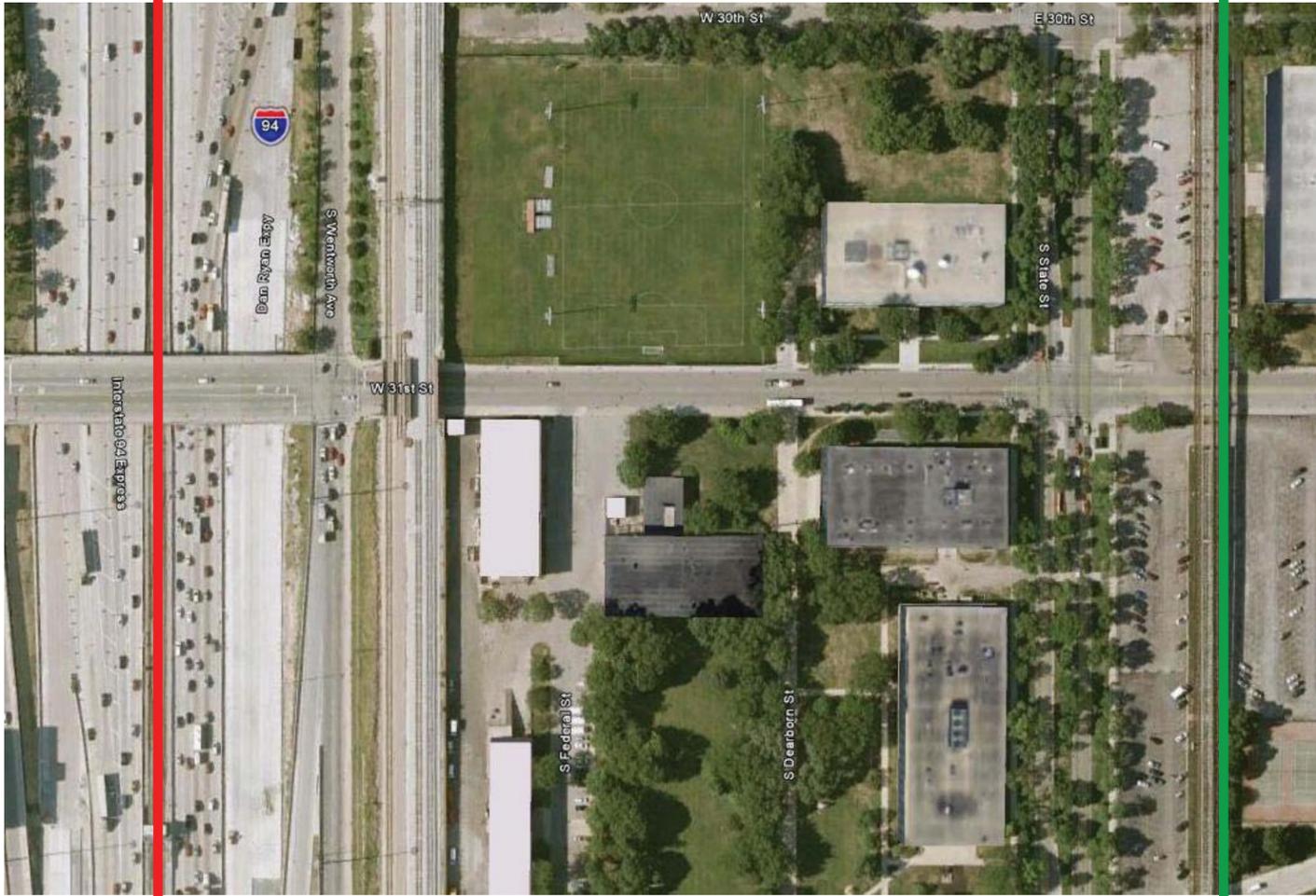


# Analyzing the Site



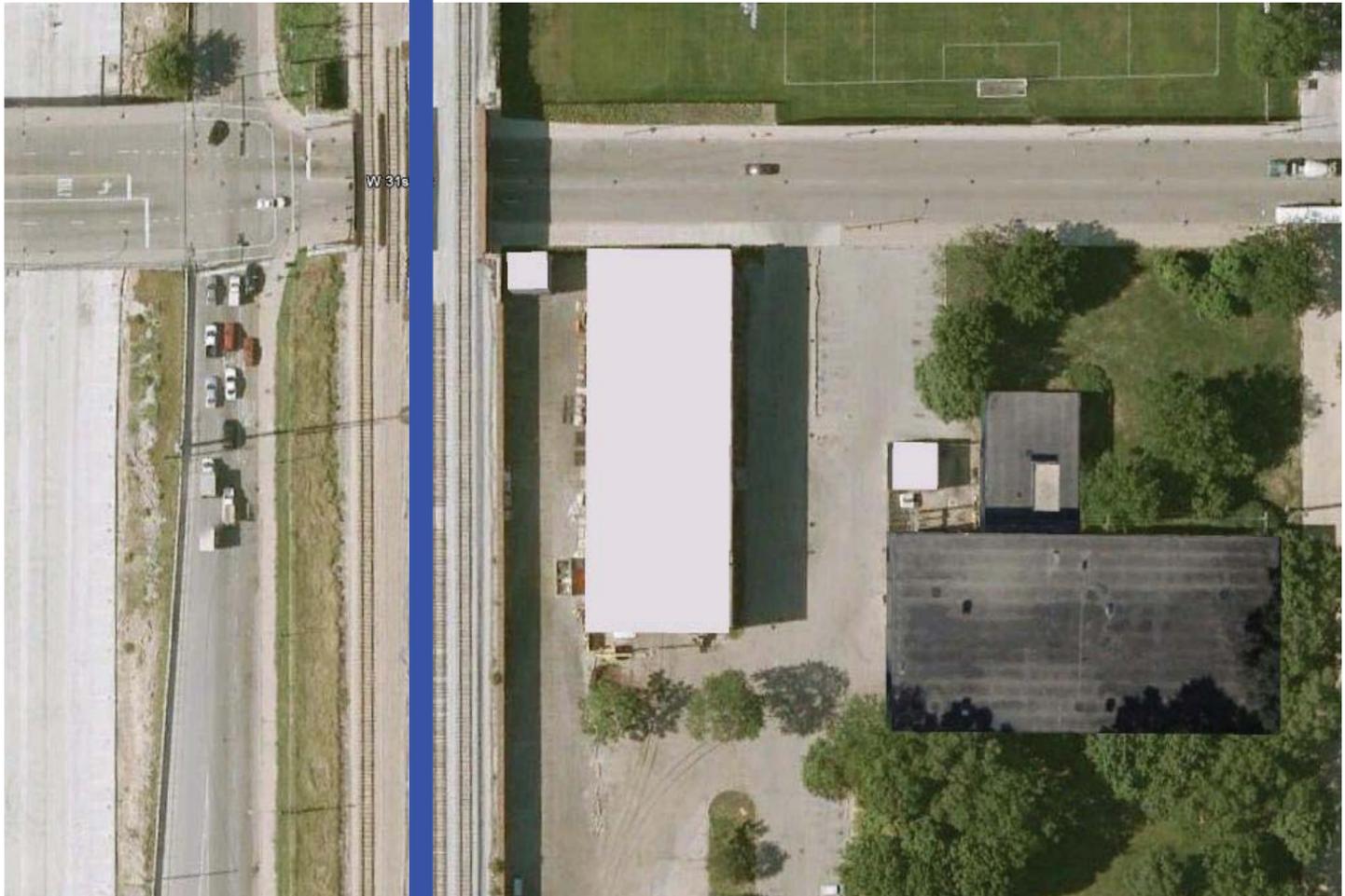
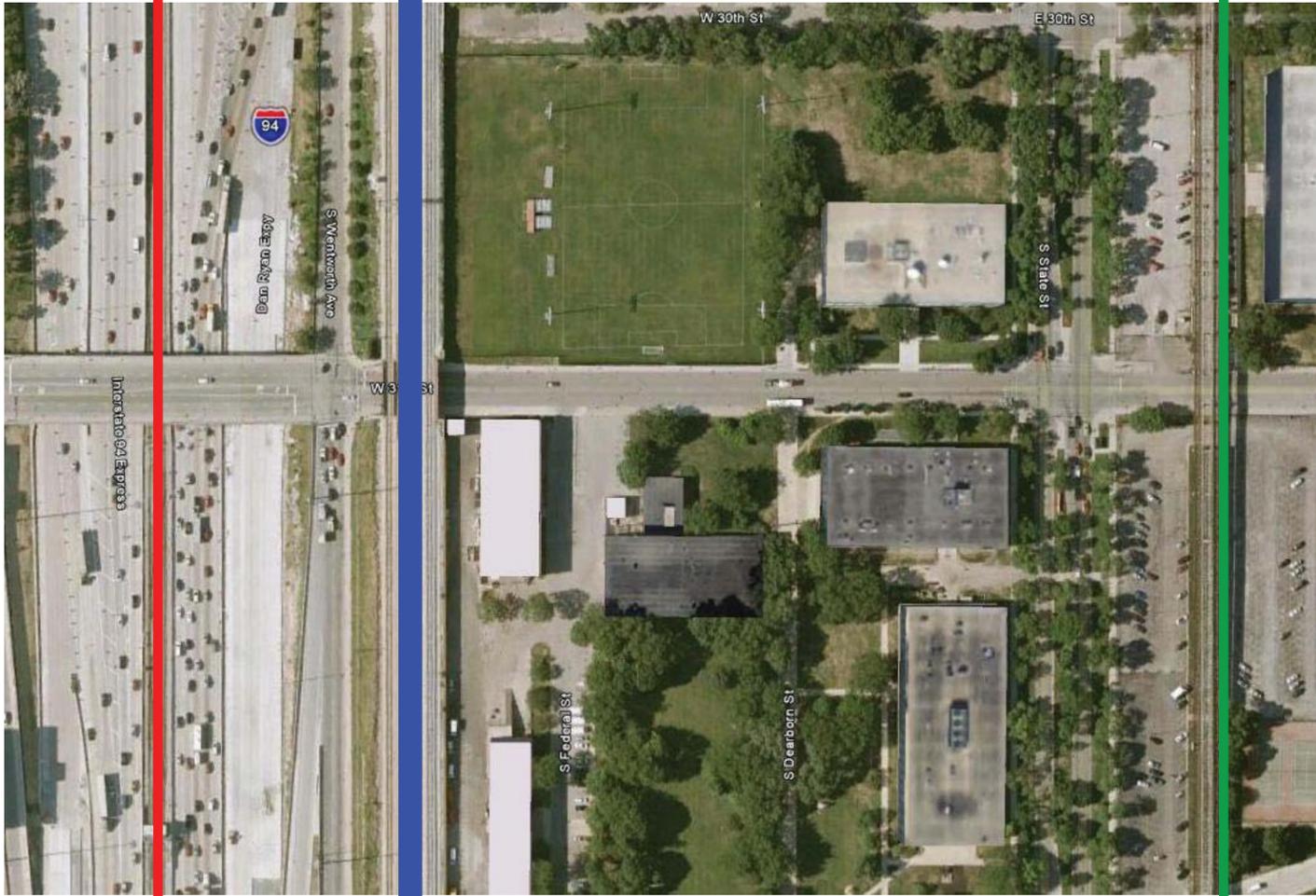
Red Line

# Analyzing the Site



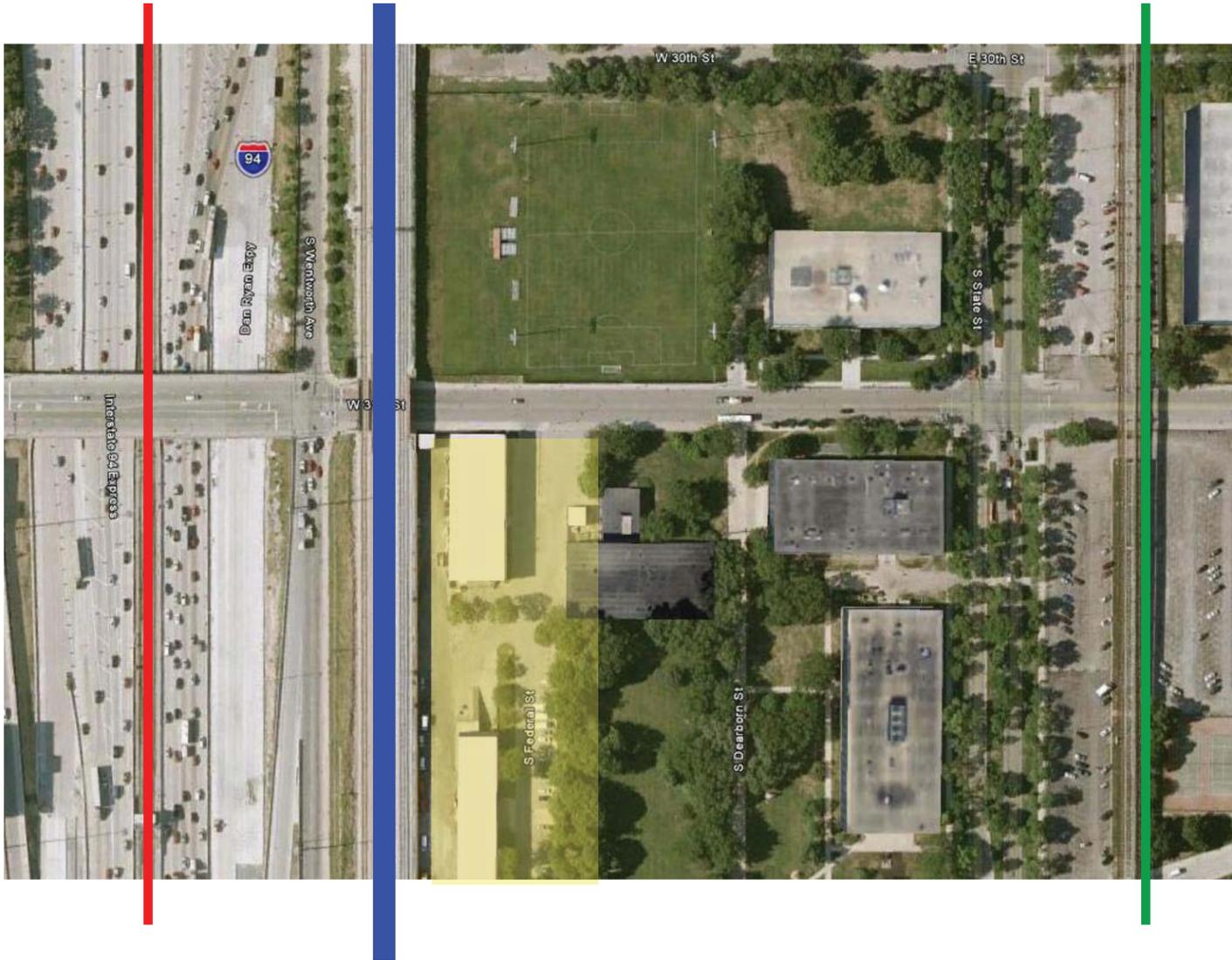
— Red Line  
— Green Line

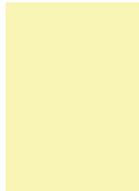
# Analyzing the Site



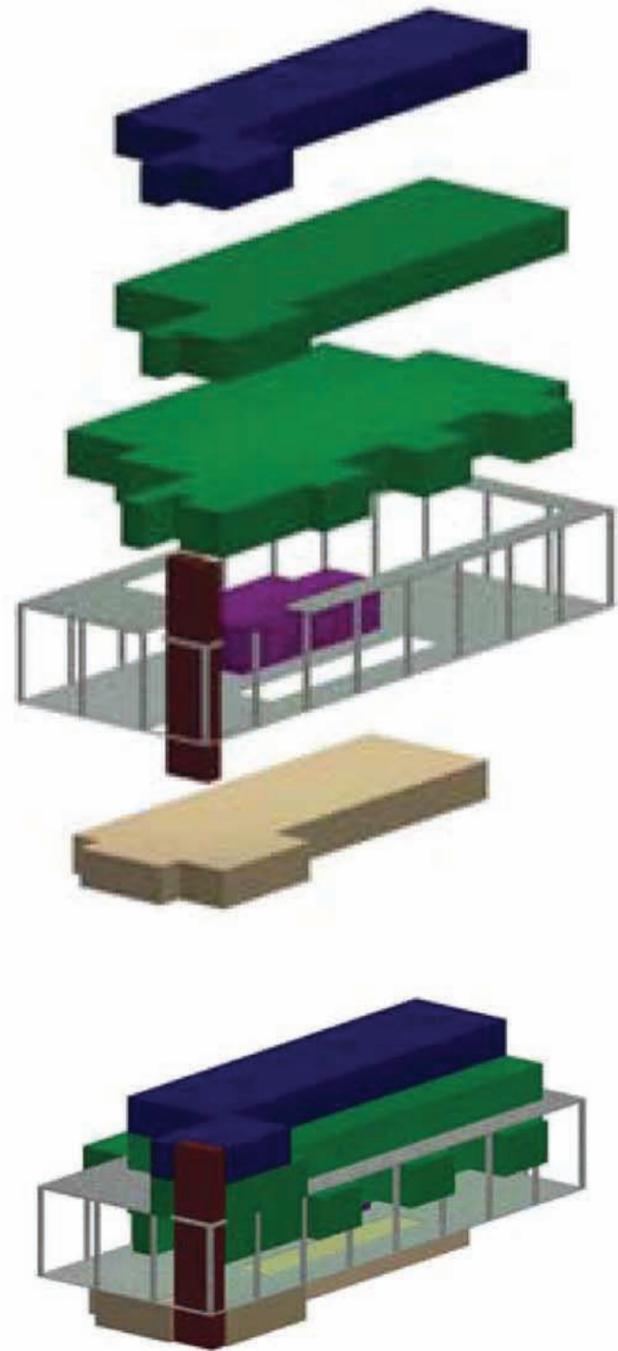
-  Red Line
-  Green Line
-  Metra

# Analyzing the Site

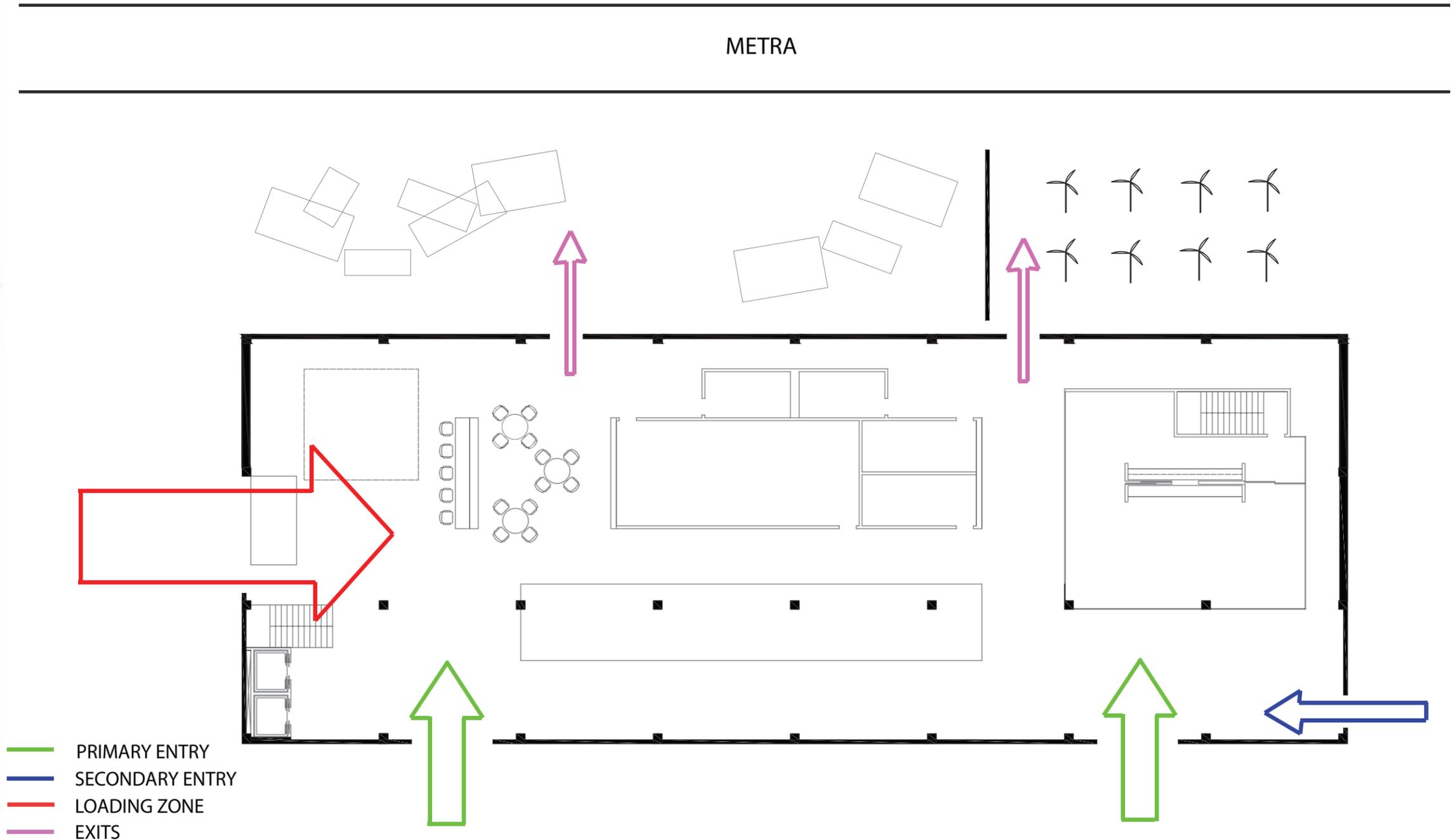


-  Red Line
-  Green Line
-  Metra
-  Innovation Alley

# New IPRO Facility



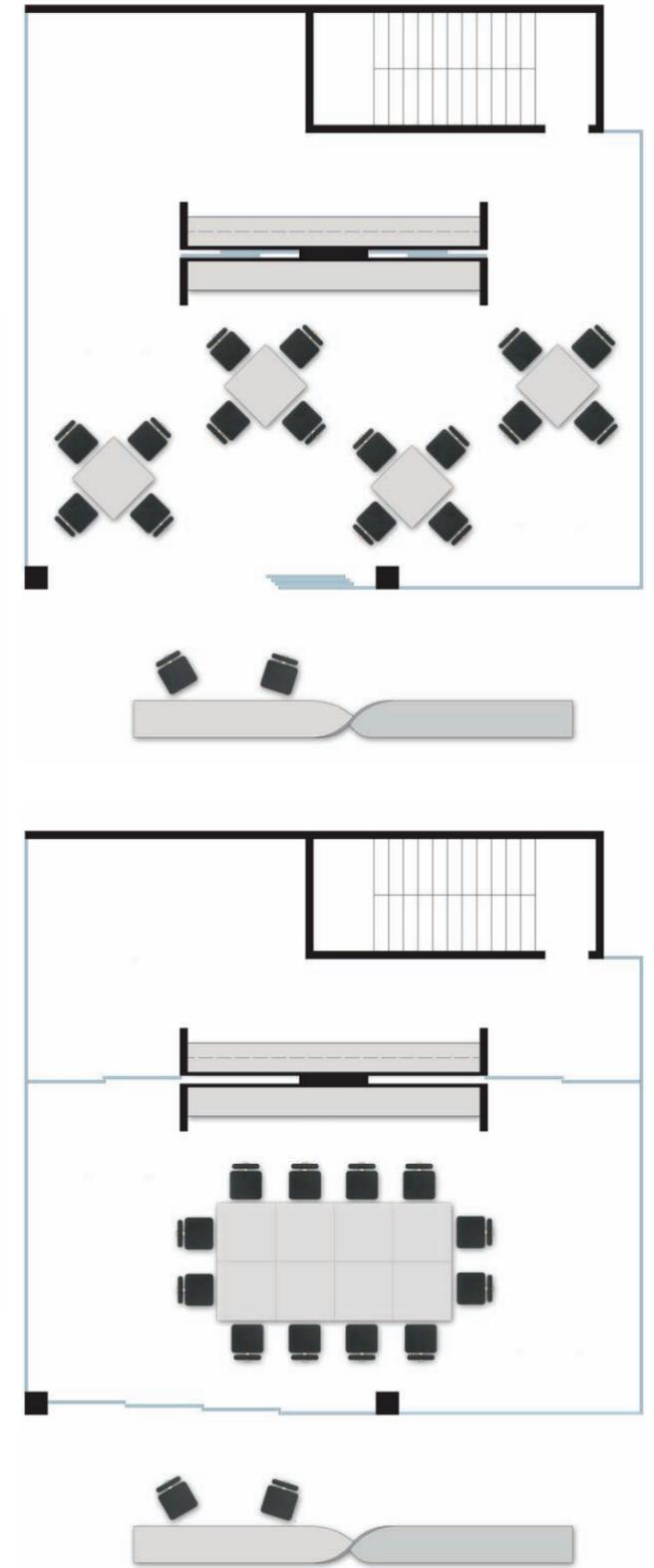
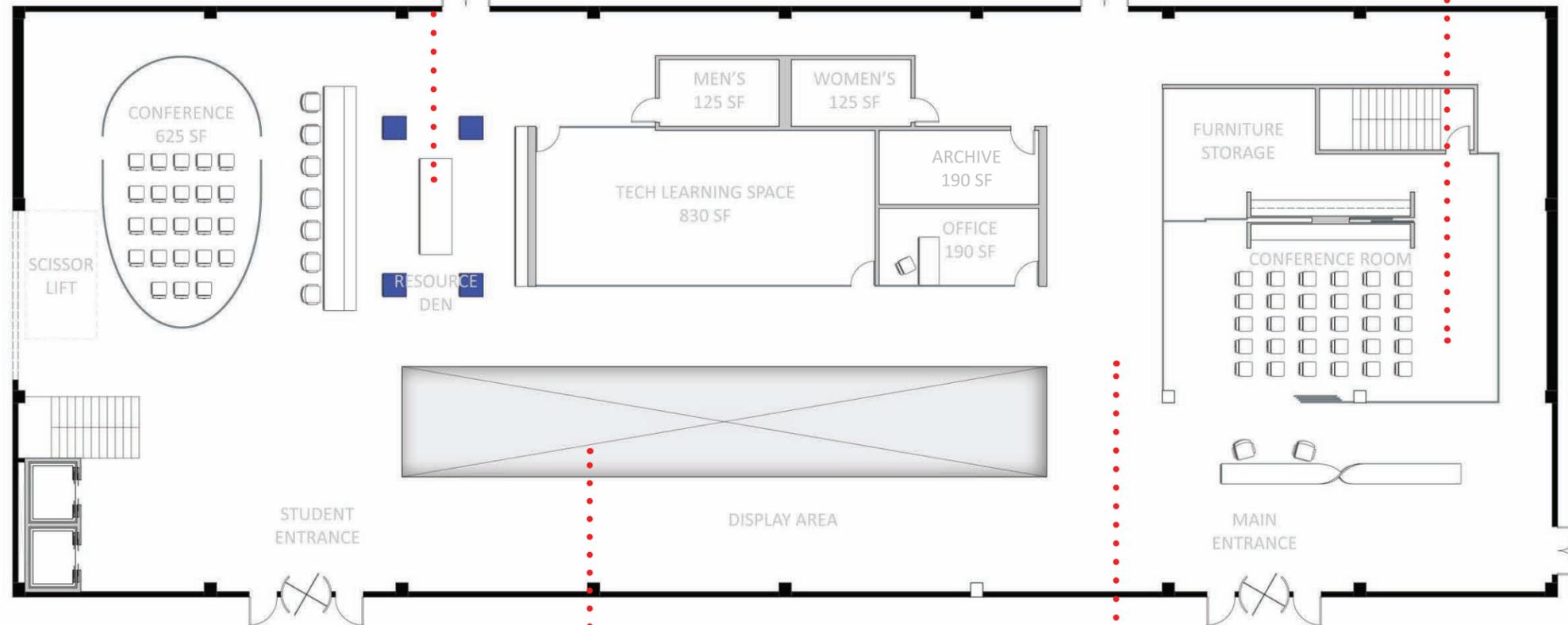
- ELEVATOR SHAFT
- ADMIN
- COLLABORATORY SPACES
- TECHNOLOGY LAB
- PROTOTYPE SHOP



*Analysis of new entries to the IPRO facility*

# New IPRO Facility

A computer/resource area is open to students and guests on this level.



Different configurations for the entrance level conference room

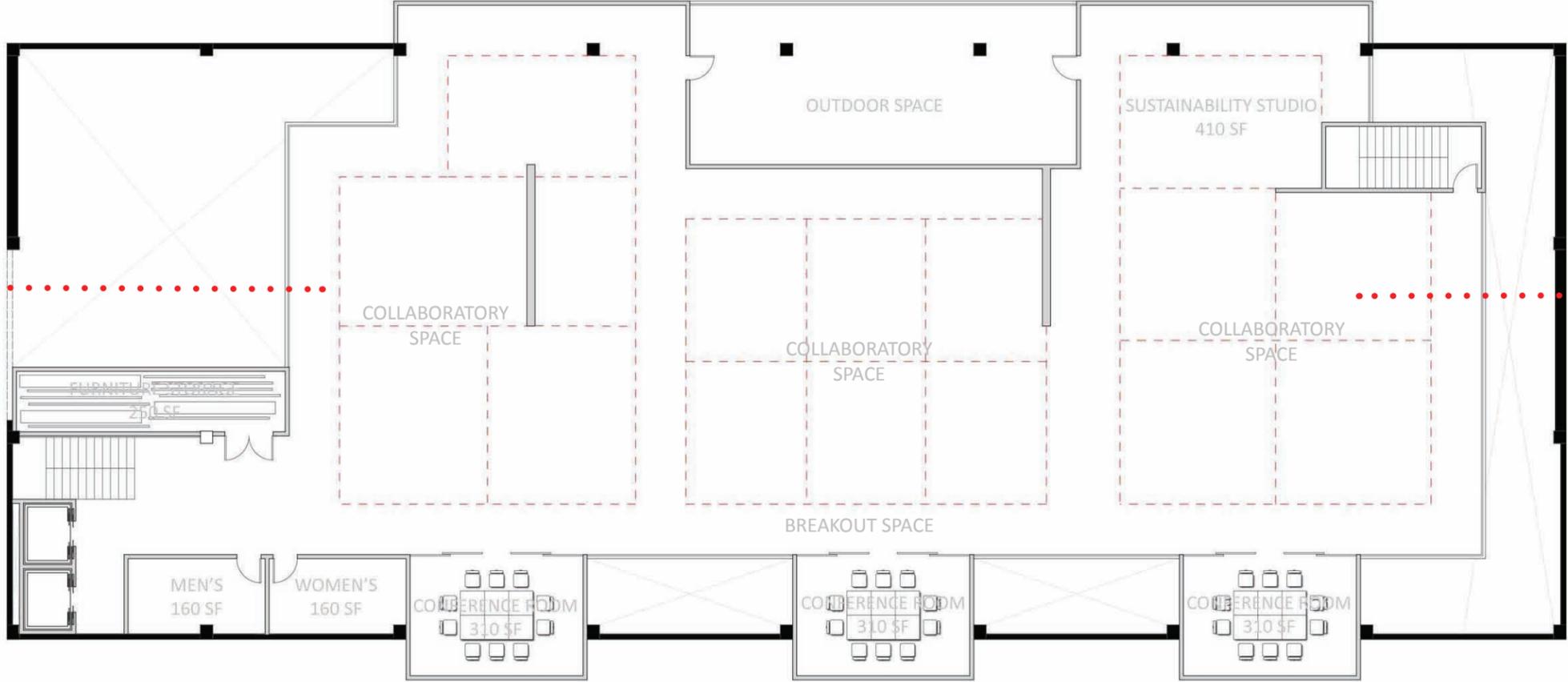
The prototyping shop is visible from the entrance level.

The circulation space on the first floor doubles as space to display past IPRO work.

ENTRANCE LEVEL

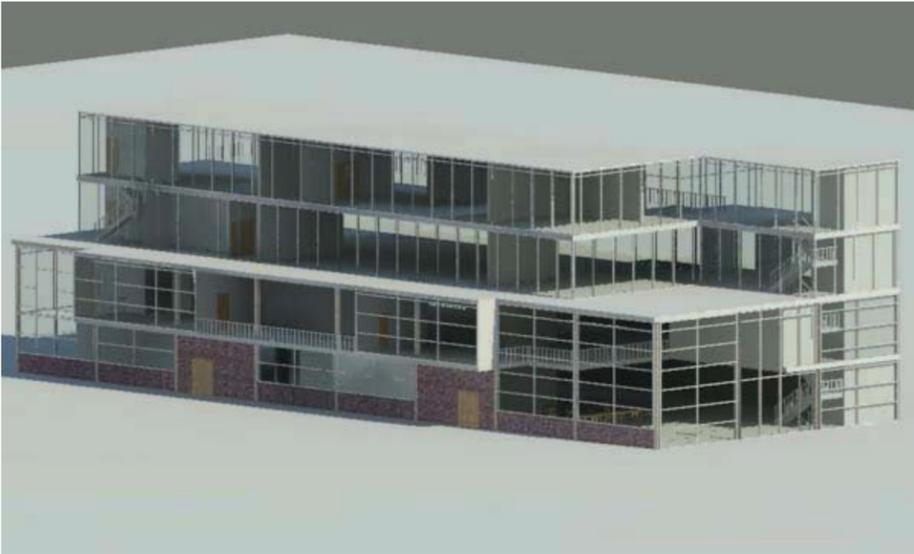
# New IPRO Facility

*The program is pulled back from the exterior walls, to allow more light into the building.*



*Flexible collaboratory spaces cater to IPROs with different needs.*

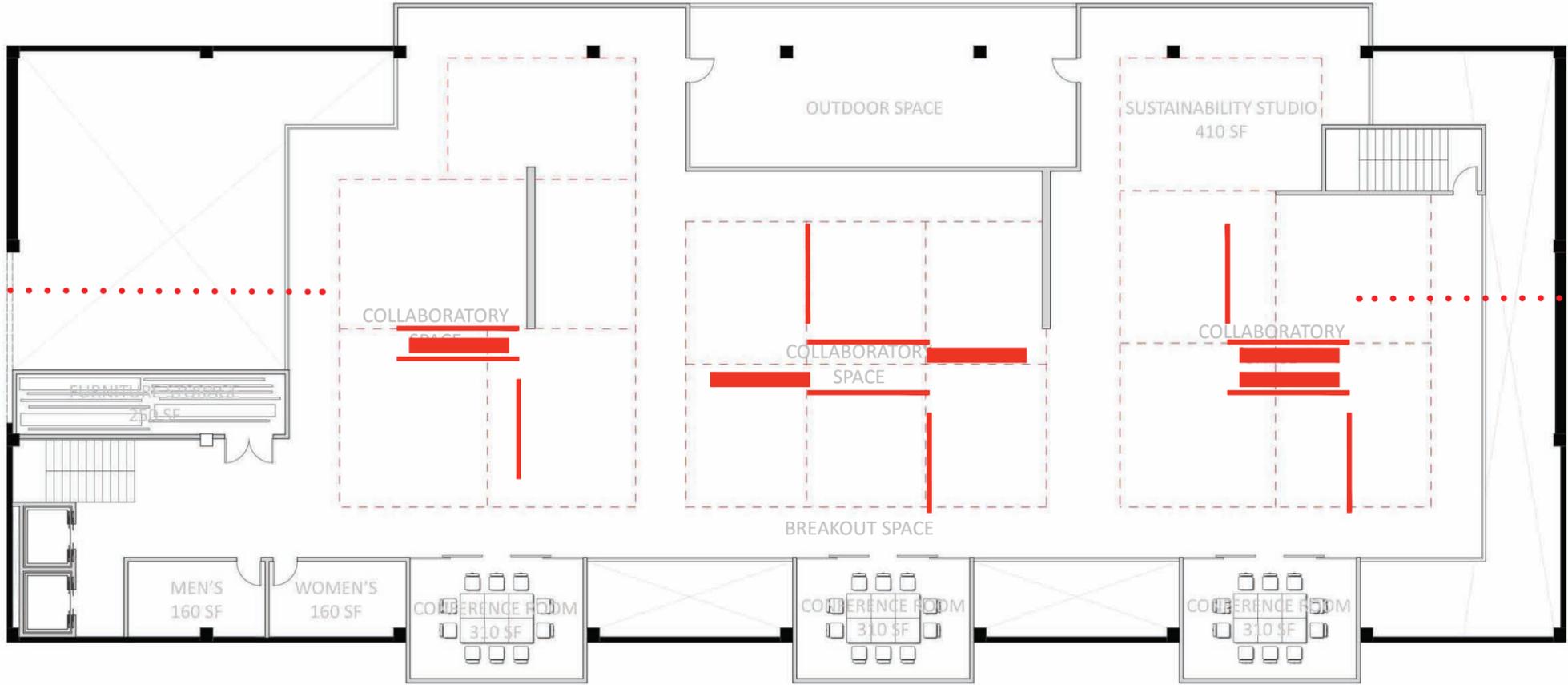
**COLLABORATORY SPACES**



*Exterior views of the new IPRO facility.*

# New IPRO Facility

*The program is pulled back from the exterior walls, to allow more light into the building.*



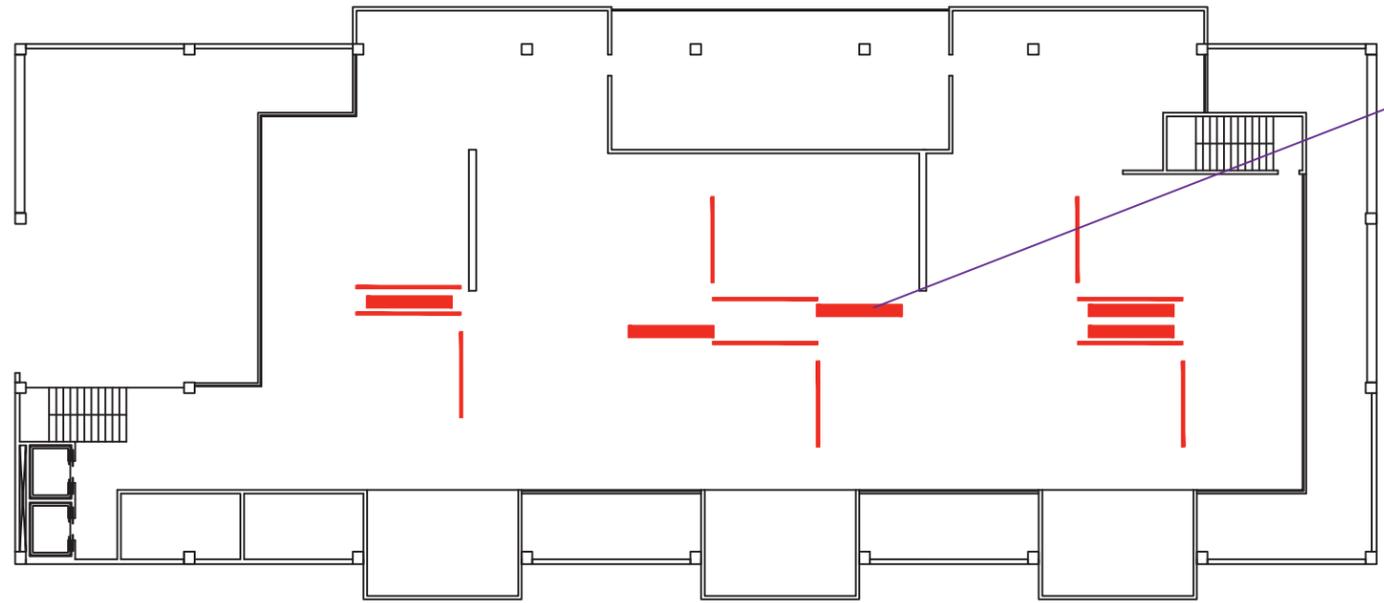
*Flexible collaboratory spaces cater to IPROs with different needs.*

**COLLABORATORY SPACES**

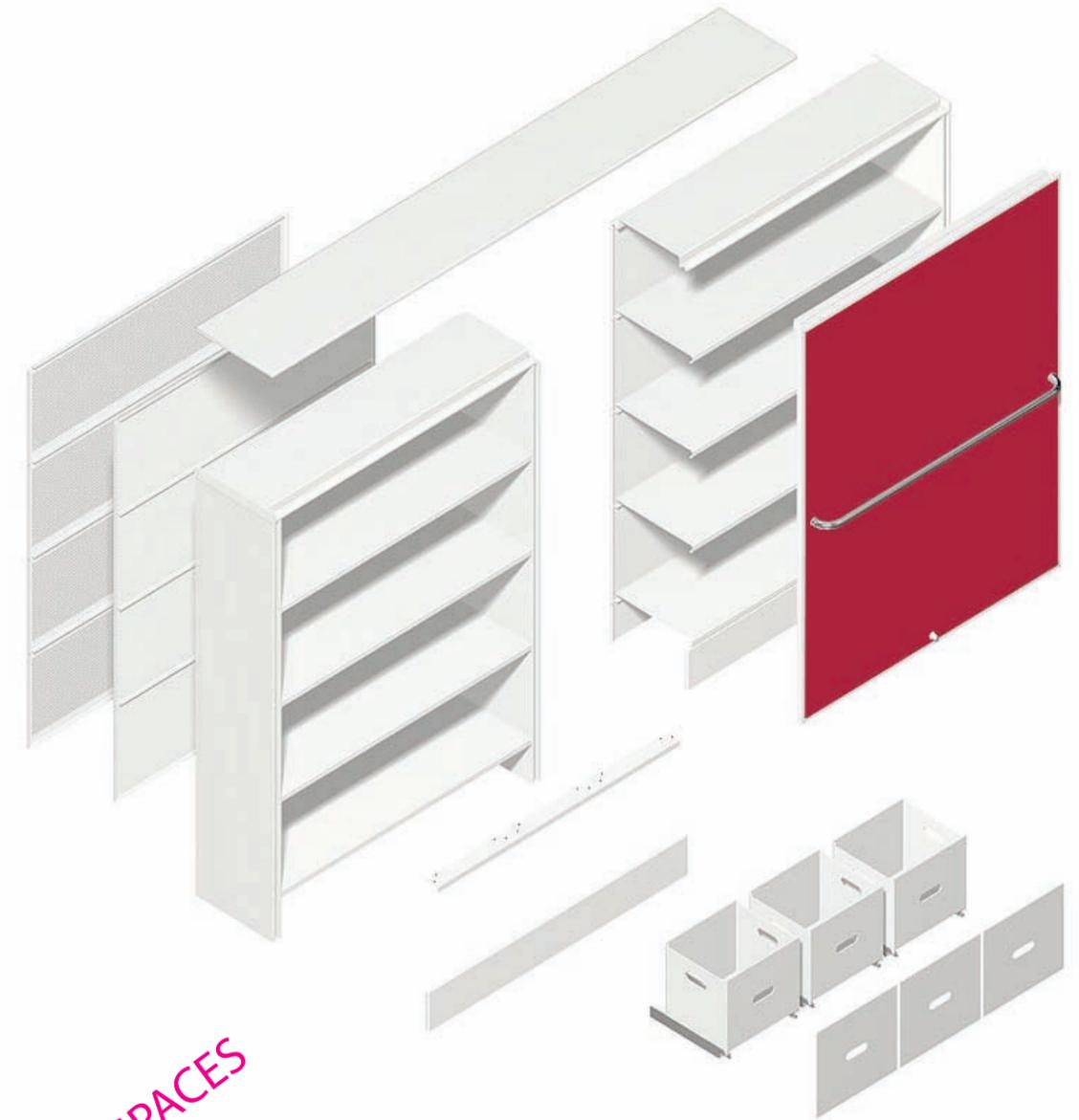


*Exterior views of the new IPRO facility.*

# MOVEABLE STORAGE PARTITIONS



PLAN



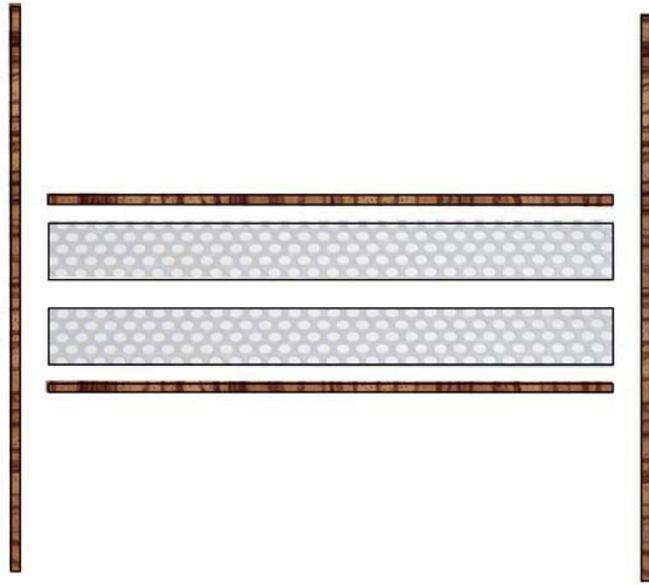
MOVEABLE PARTITION WALLS  
ON WHEELS FOR QUICK AND FLEXIBLE  
SPATIAL CONSTRUCTION

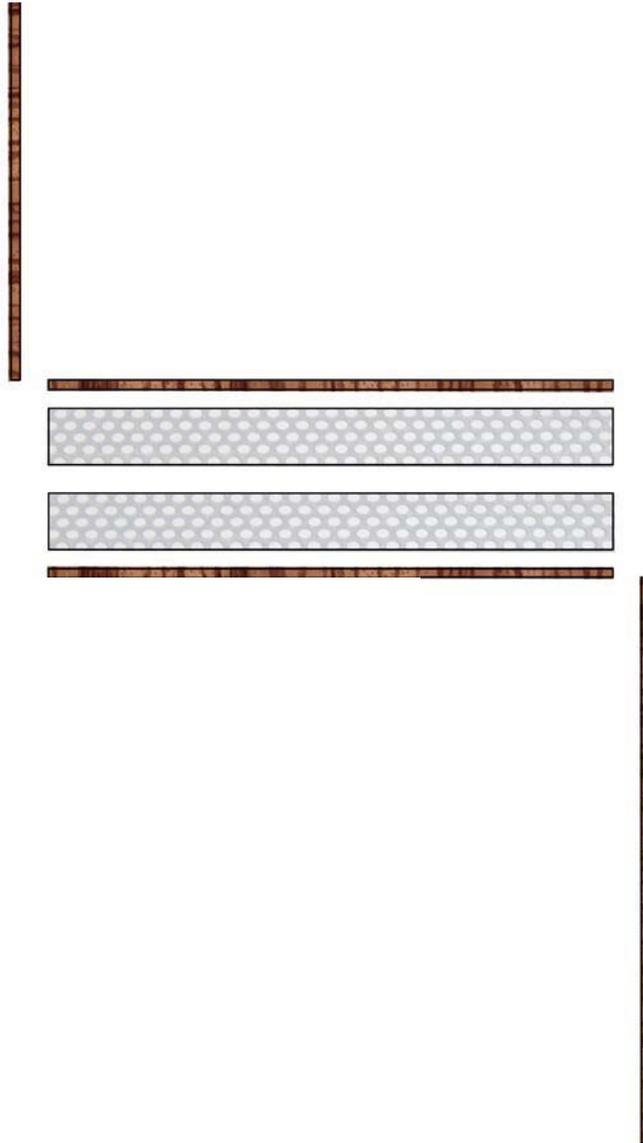
DEFINES SPACES

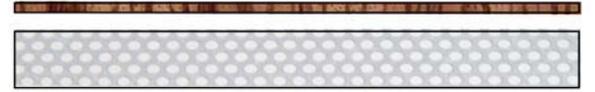
SUGGESTS DIRECTIONALITY

SUPER FLEXIBLE

SOUND BARRIER



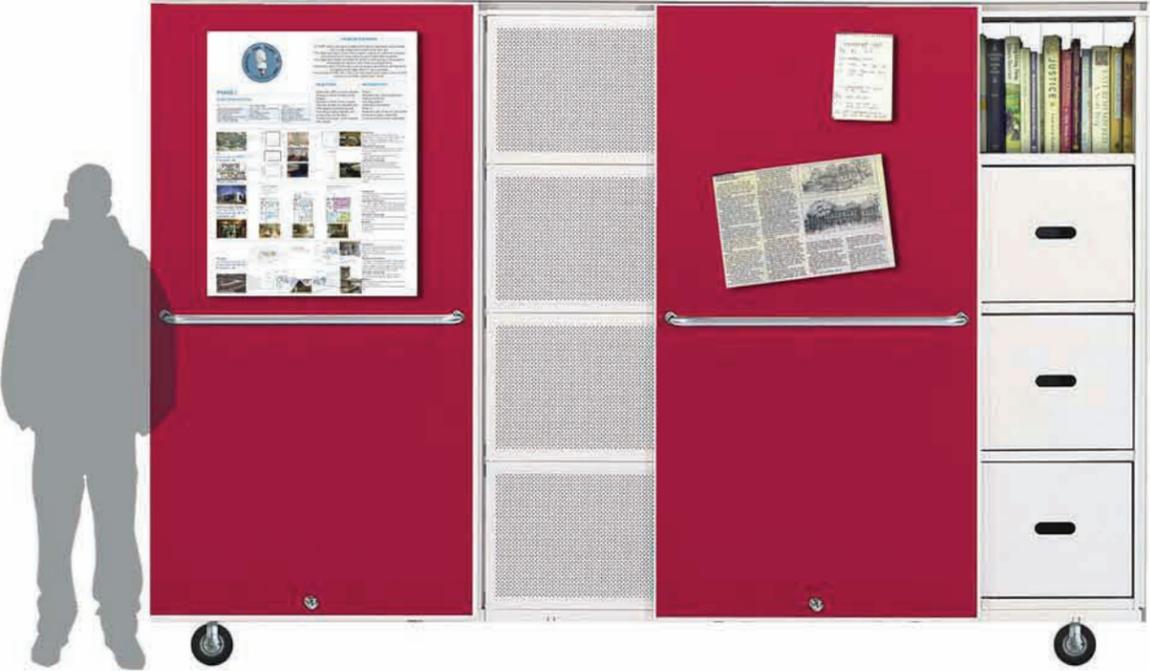




# TYPES OF MOVABLE UNITS



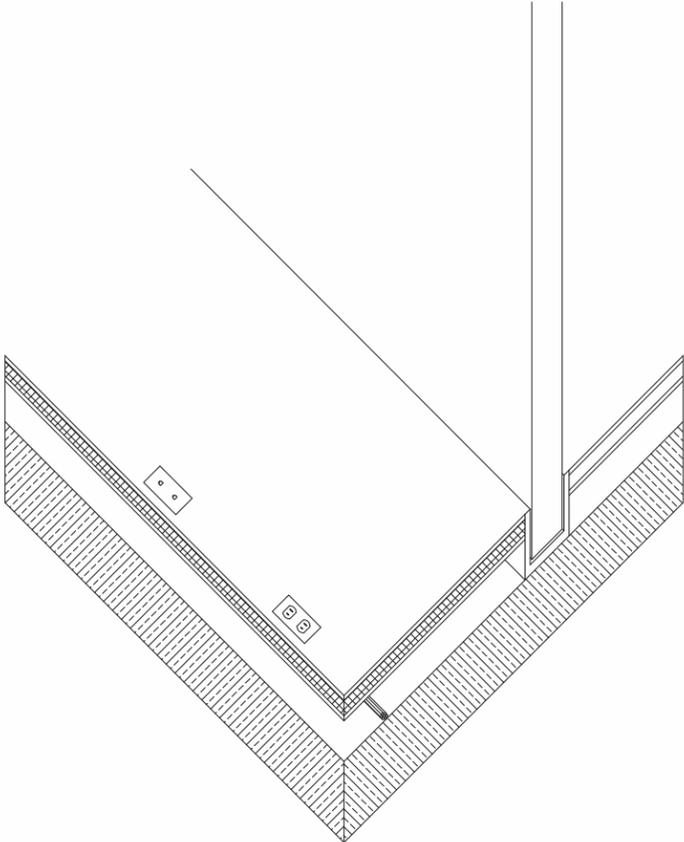
*Moveable panel with mounted white board and pin-up space*



*Moveable dividers with various sized storage spaces  
'Ad Hoc' storage wall by Vitra.*



*Blank moveable panel for a projection background or pin-up space*

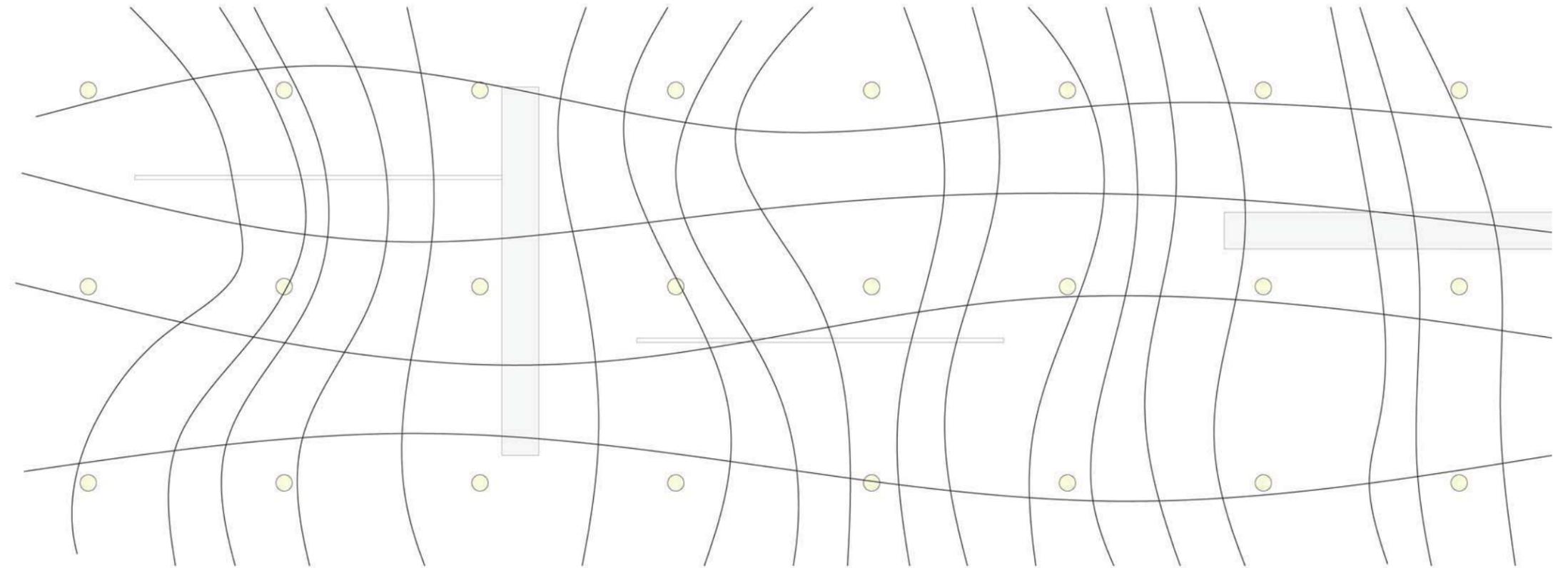


*The collaboratory space levels have a raised floor that allows electric and data lines to run underneath the floor, leaving the space free to move the panels.*

# CEILING TREATMENT



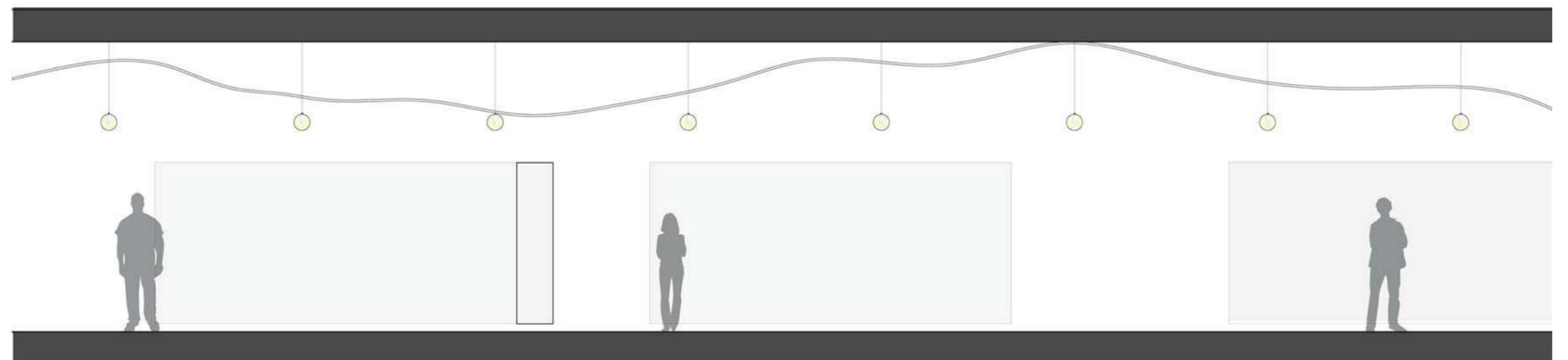
*Airflake sound absorbing screen by Abstracta*



Plan of felt ceiling treatment with lighting arrangement

Advantages to wool felt:

- Flame retardant
- Wear resistant
- Easy to form and cut
- An excellent sound insulator
- Vibration damping qualities
- Superior thermal insulating properties
- Renewable and environmentally friendly resource



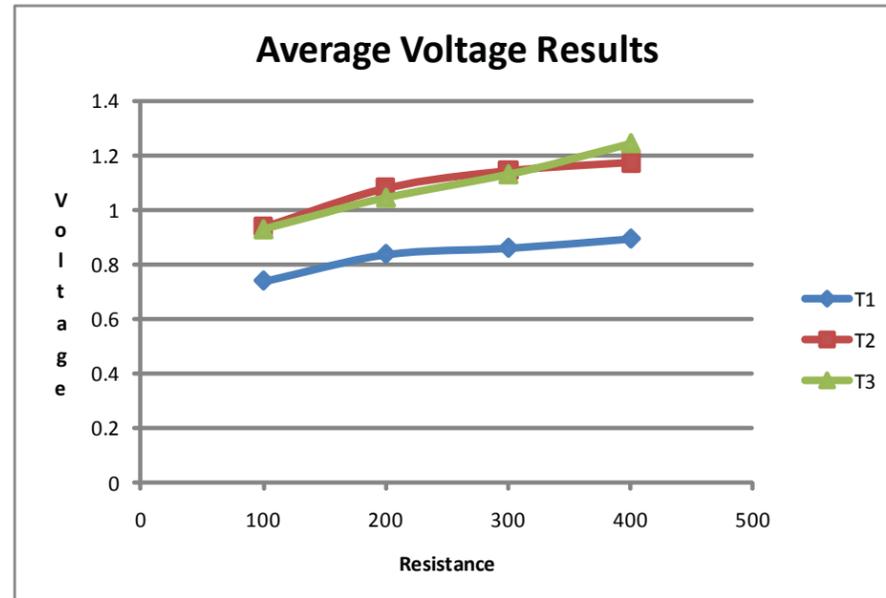
Section through felt ceiling treatment with lighting arrangement

# Zero Energy Lab Concepts (ZEL) Research

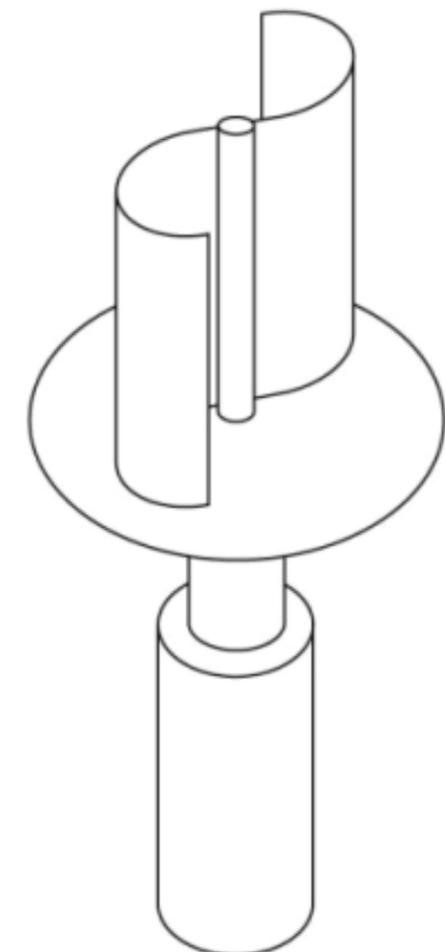
- Applying previous concepts from Machinery Hall to the CTA building
- Wind Energy is a good candidate to provide renewable energy to the CTA building
- Two designs of vertical axis wind turbines
  - H-Rotor
  - Savonius Rotor (double & triple blade designs)



*H-Rotor*



- Savonius Rotor triple blade design was the most efficient
- Large scale model produced to test efficiency



*Savonius-Rotor*

# Process of Design and Fabrication



*horizontal cross members before connection of vertical members*



*horizontal cross members with axial support block and ball bearings*



*Savoius-Rotor wind turbine with completed frame*

# Process of Design and Fabrication



*testing of savoius-rotor triple blade design*



*cutting wind support discs with plotted template*



*final cuts to wind support discs*



*sanding wind support discs to reduce wind drag*



*getting wind support discs into place*



*dry assembly of prototypical wind turbine*

# Power Generation



Machinery Hall rooftop  
wind speed readings (m/s)

## CHICAGO WIND SPEED

average 10.3 mph

maximum 62 mph

highest in spring

lowest in late summer

## WIND TURBINE PERFORMANCE ESTIMATES

average output



20-50 Watts

absolute maximum output



200-400 Watts

# New IPRO Collaboratory Facility



*western facade of building with a view of wind turbine installation*

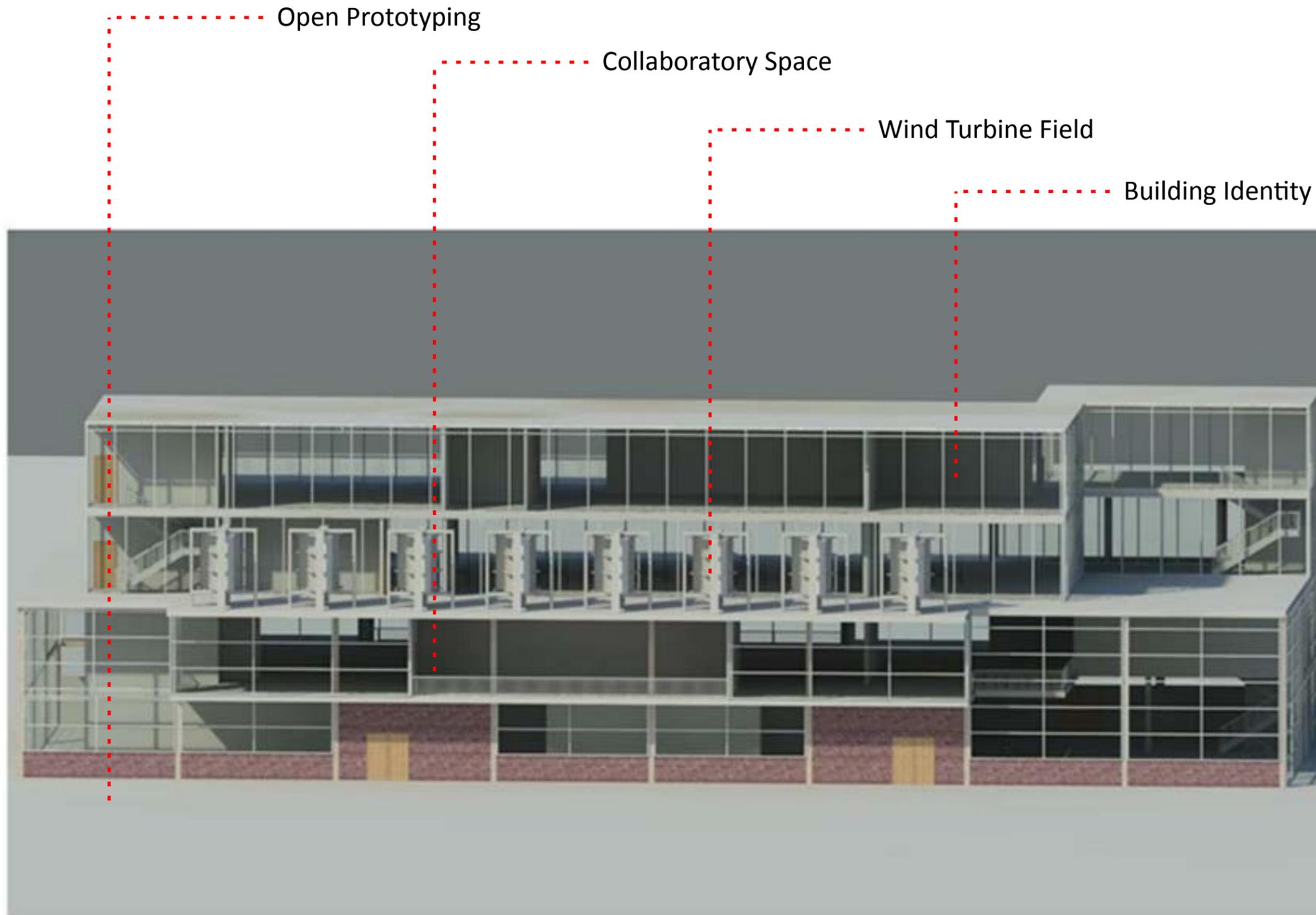


*view of the wind turbines from the south west corner*



*view of the building from the north west corner*

# New IPRO Collaboratory Facility



*western facade of building with a view of wind turbine installation*



*view of the wind turbines from the south west corner*



*view of the building from the north west corner*



Questions?

