

Orthotics and Prosthetics Education in Latin America and the United States IPRO 309



Definitions and Terminology

Orthotics & Prosthetics (O&P)

- What is an Orthosis?
 - External device applied to control or enhance movement or to prevent movement or reduce deformity
 Example: ankle foot orthosis (AFO)
- What is a Prosthesis?

 Artificial replacement of a body part
 May be internal or external
 - Example: above the knee (AK) prosthesis







International Society for Prosthetics and Orthotics (ISPO) Categories

- Category I: Orthotist/Prosthetist, Orthopaedic Engineer
- Category II: Orthopaedic Technologist
- Category III: Orthopaedic Technician



ISPO Categories

		Fabrication	Direct Patient Care	Research and Development
4-5 year university degree	Category I	III	II	I
3-year college level - nondegree program	Category II		II	
High School or Junior College	Category III	III		*
Human Orthotic and Prosthetic Education Retrieved from: http://www.ispoint.org				

The Problem

Latin America – Relevant Facts

- Latin America has over 500 million people
- Estimated 2.5 million people need O&P treatment
- Approx. 50 ISPO certified &1500
 uncertified practitioners
- Limited educational opportunities in O&P

Human Orthotic and Prosthetic Education $\frac{Retrieved \ from:}{Public \ Reference \ Bureau \ www.prb.org} \cdot ISPO \ O&P \ statistics \ survey \ in \ Colombia$

The Need in Colombia

Colombia

- Population of 40+ million
- Land mines still being planted
- Affects soldiers and civilians alike
- Bogotá is one of few cities where programs for all 3 categories reside



Category I	Category II	Category III
6	210	900



The Solution

Project History

- Spring 2010
 - Student-Centered Learning
- 2009
 - Interdisciplinary Patient Care
 - Business Model
- 2008
 - o Age Relations
 - Pathologies and Orthotics Fabrication
- 2007
 - Pathologies
- 2006
 - o Biomechanics
 - o Anatomy Measurements



Fall 2010: Interdisciplinary Capstone Course



Problem Definition

- Current lack of integration of different members of patient care team during their education
- Patients often not considered part of the care team, and thus not well-informed during treatment



Objective

- Design an interdisciplinary <u>team-based</u>
 <u>capstone course</u> that can be integrated within an existing O&P program
- Improve patient care by instructing the O&P students in new methods of <u>patient</u>
 <u>education</u>.





Team Organization

CATEGORY I Prosthetist/Orthotist

Olivia Rovegno

Soha Zahir

*Matthew Song

Michael Muller

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CATEGORY II Orthopaedic Technologist

*Wen Chan

Sydney Williams

Rafael Sosa

Katherine Garczek

CATEGORY III Prosthetic/Orthotic Technician

Alex Luttinen

*Jessica Shaw

Krystian Link

Christopher Fistek

*Previous IPRO 309 students

16 Week Capstone Course

Milestone	GOALS
1	 <u>Team building</u> exercises Understand individual professional roles Introduce <u>Patient Education</u>
2	 <u>Patient-Practitioner Interaction Videos</u> Practice developing treatment plans
3	 <u>Simulated Patient</u> treatment Practice interviewing patient, documentation, patient education, and follow-up treatments.
	E

Milestone 1 (2 Weeks)

- Form teams

 Through *Team Building Exercises*
- Jump start the course

 Through Journal Paper discussions
 - Scope of Practice essay
- Introduce <u>Patient Education</u>

 Through existing techniques
 Encourage new ideas
 Quick Response, <u>QR Code</u>





Milestone 2 (4 Weeks)

Patient-Interaction Videos

- Watch how practitioner communicates with patient
 Determine & implement
- treatment

Group Analysis

- O&P teams form *their own* treatment plans
- Individual Report, Summary, and Reflection



Institución Universtaria Escula Colombiana de Rehabilatación



Milestone 3 (10 Weeks)

- Practice treatment of 12 <u>Simulated</u> <u>Patients</u>
- Subjective Objective Assessment Plan
 - <u>Subjective:</u> What is the medical history? What are the symptoms?
 - <u>Objective:</u> Age? Height? Abnormalities in posture?
- Final Presentation
 - How was <u>patient education</u> carried out?





Benefits of Interdisciplinary Course

- Wide range of experiences
- Diversified impact
- Solving real-world problems, not theoretical issues
- Experiential learning
- Enriches the academic experience



Impact

- Enhances treatment through practical experience
- Eases transition from classroom to work environment
- Increases effectiveness of learning



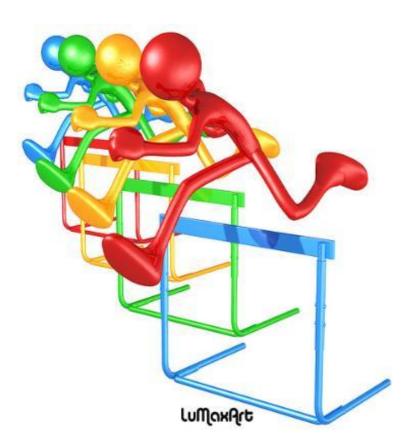






Obstacles Encountered

- Choosing a focus, i.e., designing a <u>new</u> interdisciplinary team capstone course
- Incorporating each team member's ideas and professional interest





Ethical Obstacles

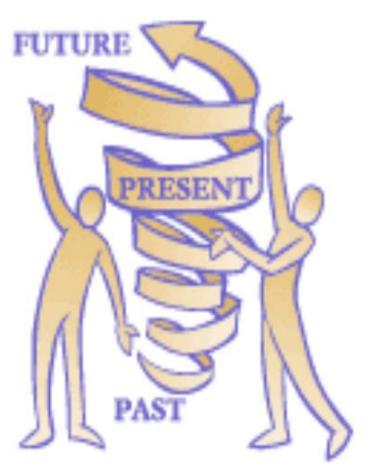
- Patient Rights & Privacy
- Proper Patient Evaluation
 - o Students monitored by a professional
- Informed Consent
- Institutional Review Board





Monitoring Team Progress

- Accountability
- Weekly updates in class
- Tasks broken down





Major Accomplishments

- Trip to BioConcepts
- Binder of materials for teaching the capstone course
- Designed exercises







Conclusions

- Patient is a vital part of the treatment team
- Hands-on experience is vital
- Effective communication optimizes treatment



Next Steps

- Test exercises
- Explore QR codes
- Examine incorporation of networking technologies





Questions?



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