IPRO 321 Improving the Efficiency of a Paper Shredder Summer 2007

Introduction

Force Sub-team:

• Joey St.Clair

Computer Science

Adam Stultz

Biomedical Engineering

Sebastian Zielinski
 Computer Engineering

Noise Sub-team:

- Kelly Bergren
 Applied Mathematics
- Erik Dill
 Computer Info. Systems
- Michael Kim
 Computer Engineering
- Daniel Mendez
 Electrical Engineering
- Mithun Michael
 Electrical Engineering

Gears Sub-team:

Yemi Babatola

Mechanical Engineering

Luke Cho

Mechanical Engineering

Saul Esparza

Electrical Engineering

Background

- The Paper Shredder Industry
- -multi million dollar industry
- –fast growing
- Why use a paper shredder?
- The industry today:
- -highly competitive, increasing consumer demand
- -extensive research to improve design
- The Manhattan group
- –Mr. Seth Lewis (sponsor)
- -improve Royal brand paper shredder

Objectives

- Mr. Seth Lewis approached our team with the following tasks
 - Determine force
 - Optimize the gear train
 - Reduce noise

Obstacles

- Shortened semester
- Research time vs. mandatory activities
- Tools
- Inability to contact previous semesters' team members
- Unavailability of professor expertise

Ethics

The IPRO 321 team shall conduct its business in a manner that best serves the community, the sponsor, and all affiliates with the project while acting within the bounds of the laws set forth by any governing board.

- Questioned sponsor about which ethic guidelines should be respected.
- It is an accepted industry standard to take a current product and reverse engineer it in order to make a new product or make the current product operate differently.
- Assured by sponsor that no ethic guidelines were violated.
- The IPRO team is under no contractual agreement. However, the IPRO team would strive to satisfy the sponsor's demands.
- Provide a professional environment in which all teammates would be treated with the utmost respect.

Noise

- Measurements done on Royal and leading competitor shredders
- Noise primarily comes from the gear train
- The frequency of the noise affects the perception of loudness
- Placement of sound dampening material has a larger effect on noise reduction

Gear Train

Gear Ratio?

- Ratio of input to output speeds
- Calculated and confirmed using RPM Readings
- > 225:1 vs. 400:1

Shred Speed



Motor Speed

- Higher RPM: Source of High–Frequency Noise
- Royal brand vs. Leading Competitor



- Stroboscope Test Measure RPM
- RPM \propto Frequency

Torque

- Recommended optimum gear train requires more torque
- More powerful motor required



Conclusions

- Gear train not the motor makes the noise
- Higher gear ratio is ideal
- Higher frequency noise "sounds" louder
- More torque is needed



Recommendations

- Modify current gear train
- Reduce frequency of noise
- Use higher end motor
- Isolate vibrations of motor assembly

Acknowledgements

- We would like to express our great thanks and appreciation for the help of:
 - Mr. Seth Lewis, President of Manhattan Group / sponsor
 - Professor William Maurer, faculty advisor
 - Dr. Sheldon Mostovoy, MMAE professor
 - Russell Janota, lab technician
 - David, Staples' store paper shredder expert