

# IPRO 324: Power Measurements For Performance Bicycles

No Strain No Gain

## Team Structure

Advisors: Dietmar Rempfer,  
 Sheldon Mostovoy  
 Team Leader: Mark Rhodes

### Electrical Team:

Leader: Jeffrey Aigner  
 • Jeonghun Lee  
 • Seunggeun Lee

### Mechanical Team:

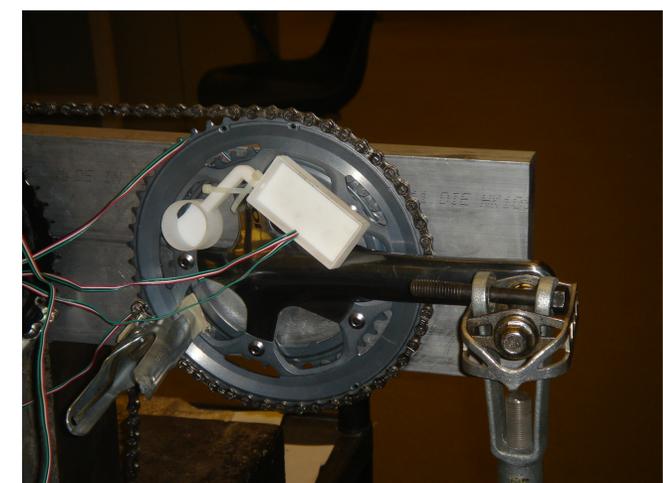
Leader: Jonathan Swanson  
 • Nick Gaulin  
 • Yoshio Piediscalzi

### Visual Team:

Leader: Brian Albee  
 • David Rowell  
 • Yuriy Sizyuk

## Special Thanks

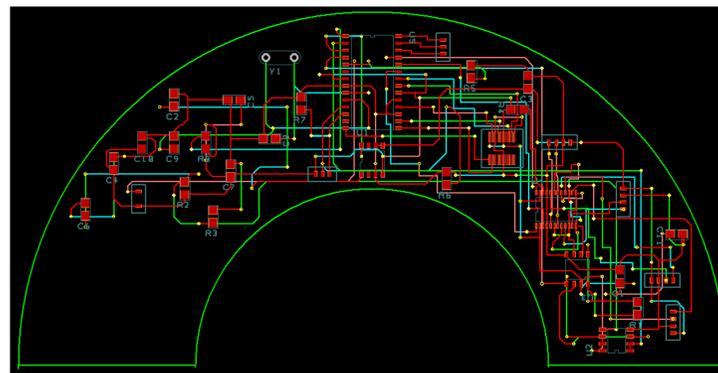
Russ Janota



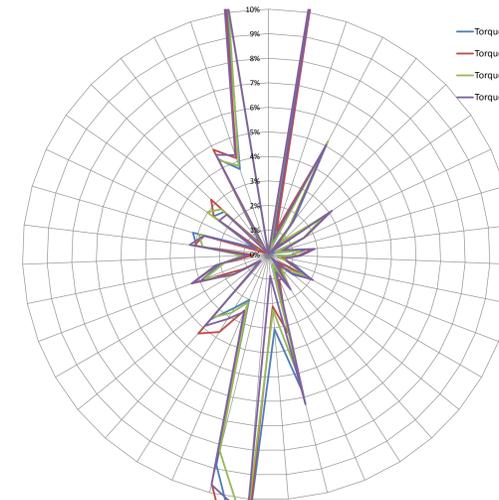
Mechanical setup for static load testing

## Methodology

- Strain gauges provide crank set strain readings
- Reed switches provide rpm/cadence readings
- Electronic circuit processes data and transmits to cyclocomputer



Final circuit diagram designed to fit circular housing



Strain gauge bridge error for static load, small chain ring

## Results

- Static test data for Aluminum and Carbon Fiber (most popular materials) crank sets
- Elegant and practical circular housing design
- Redesigned circuit that fits the circular housing and incorporates new components and noise filters
- System ready for dynamic testing

## Future Work

- Collect dynamic data
- Manufacture new circuit design
- Manufacture new housing
- Follow-up EnPRO



Future Dynamic Testing

## Problem

- Accurate measurement of power output of a performance bicyclist

## Background

- Existing solutions are inaccurate, expensive or require replacement of bicycle parts
- Current Solutions:
  - Crank set strain
  - Rear wheel hub strain
    - \$500 and up
  - Chain vibration
  - Opposing force (gravity, air resistance, etc)
    - Less expensive but inaccurate

## Objective

- Create an inexpensive (within \$100) and universal device to accurately measure the power output of the bicycle rider

Circular housing for the electronic circuit

